The Beaver County Argus.

VOLUME XXXIII---NO 11. BEAVER, PA., WEDNESDAY, MARCH 4, 1857. ESTABLISHED 1818.

List of Jurors drawn for March 1857:—

Grand Jurors.

Borough—Azariah Wynn,
Brighton—Geo. W. Phillis,
Chippewa—David Thomas,
Darlington—J. D. Vaughan,
Economy—John Grey, Hamilton Lacock.
Greene—Alex. Greer.
Hanover—Thos. Swearingen.
Hopewell—William Irons,
Industry—Joseph Ammon.
Marion—John Hartzell.
New Brighton—E. P. Townsend.
New Sewickly—John Hesson, Benj. Powell, William Steel, John Teats,
Raccoon—Robert Potter, Esq. *Foreman*, Samuel Wilson.
Rochester bor—Thos J. Chandler, Wm. Creighton
Rochester tp—Fergus Foster, C. A. Whisler.
South Beaver—James Cook, Jr., John Bayl.

Petit Jurors.—1st. *Week.*

Big Beaver—George Richey, James Scott.
Brighton—Andrew Kaler, Sr., Robert Watterson, Sylvester Dunham, Esq., Richard Sutherland.
Borough—H. J. Brown, Jas. Ramsey, Thos. Russel.
Darlington—James Dillan, Samuel Hamilton, Esq., John M'Clure
Economy—Jas. Buckly, Esq.
Fallston—Isaac Convert, Esq., Andrew Jackson.
Frankfort—Wm. Frazer, Esq.,
Franklin—Wm. Pence, John Wier.
Freedom—Robert Hall.
Greene—Jas. Campbell, John Johnston, Samuel Leeper, Matthew Nickle.
Hopewell—George Cain,
Independence—Wm. Reed, Wm. M. Reed.
Marion—Eli M'Daniel.
Moon—Samuel Bailey, Thomas Jackson.
New Brighton—J. H. Price, Jno; Reeves, Wm. Tanner.
New Sewickly—Sampson Hinds, Jr., John Piersol, Esq, Alex. Prentice.
North Sewickly—Theo. Fombell, Daniel Bowals, R. P. Marshall.
Ohio—Silas Caughey, Samuel Smith, S. B. Wherry.
Patterson—John Sims.
Phillipsburgh—Jacob Strohecker.
Raccoon—Jas R. Lafferty
Rochester bor.—Richard L. Higgins Geo. F. Lukens.
South Beaver—Wm. Elder, James M. Heard, Wm. Rhodes.

Petit Jurors—2d *Week.*

Big Beaver—S. S. Jackson, Andrew Smiley Esq,
Borough—Robert S. Daniels, Charles Keelin, Samuel Purvis, Joseph Vera.
Darlington—Robert Hughes.
Economy—Wm. Dunlap, Jr, William Hicks, Alfred Hill.
Fallston—John Lloyd
Franklin—Chas. H. Elias, Nathen Hazen.
Freedom—Henry Bryan.
Georgetown—George Nash
Greene—Johnston Calhoun, James Ramsey
Harmony—John Eberly, Casper Henning.
Hanover—A. R. Miller, Jos. Miller.
Hopewell—J. R. M'Donald.
Independence—Benj. Butler, Wm. B. M'Elhany.
Marion—Hiram Hickman.
New Brighton—J. B. Martin, Esq, C. M. Stewart,
New Sewickly—John Gray.
North Sewickly—Hugh Bennet, Esq. Hugh Donaldson, Hugh B. Thompson.
Philipsburgh—Jacob Schaffer,
Pulaski—Robert Ferguson.
Raccoon—Elijah Barns.
Rochester bor—Joseph Semple.
Rochester tp—David Mitchell.
South Beaver—Bernard Anderson, James Fowler.

List of Causes for trial at the March Term 1857:—

Hazleton's Assignees vs Wm McKee
Robt S Hays vs Geo W Fulton
George Black vs same
Wm Bingham vs same
Jacob Carson vs James Backly
Alex Gibb Sr vs Alex Gibb et al
Jos Brady vs R R Dawson
Hanauer & Brenner vs Jos Braun
Trunbull & Slade vs same
Meyer Hanauer vs same
J M Moore vs Louis Reisman
Michael Bocher vs Thos Parkinson

Second Week.

Matthew Elder vs Wm R Sterling
McElder & Son vs same
P & C R R Co vs H N Barker
Jas Black & Wife vs John Irvin et al
Henry Good & Wife vs some
A Bradley vs David Irons
Thos Hillard vs Renton & Cri-well
Thos J Taylor vs Margaret White
Childs & M'Connell vs O & P R Co
J M'Laughlin et al vs Jos Kronk et al
Minesinger's Adm'rs vs J W Johnston
Geo M'Cook vs Poor House Directors
Rebecca M'Garvey vs O & P R Co
Simpson Moore vs Hamilton Lacock
T J Power vs Edward Warner.
Mary Ann Rodenbach vs Wm M'Gill,

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☞ Letters and communications, by mail, shall have prompt attention.

For the Beaver Argus.

GOD SENDS US ANGELS.

BY HANNAH MARIA RENO.

Twice have the flowers bloomed,
Twice a winter shroud hath mantled them,
Since my soul said aloud,
"They need thee not; thou needs't them not;"
My hands were folded then, in perfect calmness.
Too long they have been folded,
Sowing not, reaping not, but to themselves;
Is it well to live upon the beautiful
But for the joy it yields; to sing our songs in solitude,
To Eghten the oferburdened heart
And bless no human ear?

My heart is still, fearfully still,
Asleep it lieth on the waves of life;
The soul is smiling at the deep repose,
It knoweth sleep from death;
The Past is here; meekly and quietly
I look upon the lonely path my feet have pressed
Marked out with brightest light and deepest shadow;
Some graves lie on the way, with dead leaves scattered o'er them;
Some are short, for they were made in childhood
For sweet little friends—these still are mine;
How long, though, 'tis not long, how quietly they've seemed to sleep,
How much of spirit-life have they enjoyed
When I but wept and struggled, knew but pain,
Or joy, so deep it seemed like pain—'tis well;
I pick the faded blossoms from my path,
Mark, they are stripped of all the loveliness
Wherewith my spirit robed them, and flung them from me;
How bright they seemed, when, as my own,
I twined them round my heart,
Aye, wove them with my very life;
I'll gather no more heart-flowers, yet,
I do not grieve that these are faded,
It were better thus they were not mine,
I sought them when my hands found little else to do;
If I could grieve for these, I'd grieve they had not faded sooner;
Sooner I had learned strength,
Had learned how frail the things
To which I sought to bind my happiness;
My worthless idols all are broken now,
And cast away as worse than useless;
I could not, like Pygmalion,
Breathe life into stone.

Death hath a picture for my gaze;
A pale form lieth in my chamber,
Still and cold, so very cold:
He loved me, called me sister, blest me ever.
Aye, I will bow and kiss those white lips o'er and o'er;
Smooth the chill brow with tenderest touch,
Still, have I not a tear for thee?—nor yet, what have I lost?
A spirit loved and loving, dwells near me ever;
His arm is oft around me in the night-time, in the day:
Calm, I could bend above each cherished loved one
Sleeping in death, and smiling, whisper quietly,
Rest well! ye have gained all,
I have lost nought

Oh, wonder not,
That memory, with her broken, faded chaplets
Death, with changeless, icy gaze,
Faileth to rouse to suffering the soul that well hath learned
It can lose nothing, but gaineth, ever gaineth;
That we are murmurers from choice and not from fate;
It hath found what every soul may find within itself,
All that it sought in vain from others,
Hath a world of beauty and sweet sound
Above the reach of cold and loveless souls;
Its own is there; loved spirits whisper to it in loves sweetest tones,
God speaketh to it in its solitude,
It careth not to hear him speak through human lips;
It hath known a life so deep, it cannot well endure
The empty prattle of the tongue,
The foam and chaff on which society is fed,
Yet, nourished not.

New words are on my lips to-night,
This feeling of content, this deep, untroubled calmness
Doth not suit a soul that ever loved
Better the hurrying tempests rushing blast,
Than the dead stillness of the summer noon.
Life—all life, is tame when understood.

An Angel stirred, of old, the stagnant waters of the pool;
An angel bends above the stillness,
Speaketh thus to me, "God made one world for all,
A world of human hearts; one power divine
Ruleth on Earth, in Heaven, controlleth all;
A mortal heart doth love thee, needeth thee,
Wilt thou not do his bidding; he but bids thee love;
God throws the soul upon itself,
Only that it may learn how he hath blessed it;
Even all things pure and high are its inheritance,
Wherewith it may work as it will,
Yet, not on shadows may it work
To His great purposes;
Ere long thou'lt find thy loveliest phantoms mock thee,
As did thy early faded idols: earth hath harsh sounds
Which golden fingers oft have turned to music;
Weep with the weak, smile for the weary,
Gather and scatter flowers along life's wintry path,
Then shalt thou say, to more than one,
I need Thee."

ROCHESTER, PA.

For the Beaver Argus.

LETTER FROM CALIFORNIA.

OROVILLE, BUTTE CO., CAL., Jan. 16, '57.

MESSRS. EDITORS:—I thought I would drop you a note just to let you know that I was in the land of the living, and still in California, enjoying myself first rate. It is the rainy season here now, and things look somewhat dull, but in the course of a few weeks every thing will be all bustle again. The farmers are busily engaged in putting in their spring crops, and the miners in "deep diggings" are laying off spending their money, waiting until the rain ceases; and those in dry diggings are all busy, "making hay while the sun shines," or rather while the rain falls. In almost every ravine and gulch where they can raise the "color in the pan," they are busily engaged "sluicing off the top dirt."

Beaver county is pretty well represented here There are here at this time, all busily engaged, David Wallace, son of ex-Sheriff Wallace, of Big Beaver township, Ira E. Welch and Patrick Cochran, of Chippewa township, James Allison of Raccoon tp., (near where Jas. Orr resides,) a family from Fallston by the name of Whitebread, and our friend Hamilton Light, who is deservedly popular wherever he goes, and your humble servant, makes up the representation from Beaver county, located at this point. If this should chance to meet the eye of any of the friends or relatives of the above named boys they will be glad to learn that they are well.

California is a fast country; persons can make money here if they will but save it.—It is no trouble to make it, but the great trouble is to save it after it is made; there are so many inducements held out to spend money.—Yet there are those who clear from three to five dollars per day and save their money, while those who make from thirty to fifty dollars per day, are always "broke;" spend it very frequently playing "Muggins' Poker" for whisky. But if a young man will come to this country and conduct himself properly, and be half as economical as he is at home, he can make money. If he will resolve to let "*cards, whisky and women*" alone, he can do well. Mining localities, now, that only pay from one to three dollars per day, to the hand, is considered not worth working: but ere long ground that will pay fifty cents to the hand over and above expenses, will be worked. The ground on which the town of Oroville is located, in the streets, at any place, you can find the "color" in almost every pan of dirt you might prospect Well, to conclude, if there are any ladies in Beaver that have arrived at an age when it would be wise for them to select a partner, (and I think there are several,) let them come to California, and if they are good looking they can marry well, very soon, as there are probably more than ten times as many gentlemen as ladies in this country. I send you papers almost every mail, of the latest dates.

Yours truly, C. W. S. W

The African Twin Monstrosity.

Two lively, active, intelligent black girls, now about 5 years old, are united inseparably together, *dos a dos*, by the termination of their back bones. This freak of nature is attracting much attention in Edinburg, Scotland; and is certainly one of the most extraordinary living specimens to be met with. The children are named respectively Christina and Milly Makoi; they are gaily dressed, and frankly converse with their visitors, and sing to them little songs in duet, sweetly enough. On the occasion of our visit to them the stouter one, in reply to a question, announced that she is considered the prettier one, but her sister very quickly put in the claim of being the *gooder* one.

Although so closely combined, they have their likes and dislikes, and like other children, occasionally a bit of a quarrel, which they can carry on by heel kicking, finger pinching, elbowing, and dancing heads; but they seem, upon the whole, good tempered creatures, and soon make amends with a mutual kiss. They are accompanied by their mother, "Monimo," who has been lately freed from the bondage of slavery; and the proceeds of exhibition, after paying expenses, are to be applied in rescuing also from the galling yoke, the father and the other sisters and brothers, of whom there are eight. To the medical profession this natural curiosity is more particularly interesting for various reasons. It may be mentioned that some of the viscera are found not to occupy their usual places; the heart of one, for instance, beats in its proper place, while that of the other beats in an abnormal position. As to the origin of the lusus, it is a mystery of mysteries.—*Edinburg Paper.*

Dogberry, the Coroner.

The following reminiscence of Coronor Connery acquires an interest from recent occurrences. He held an inquest upon the body of an Irishman, who was killed by an Italian some months ago. During the investigation he examined the Italian, who did not understand a word of English, when the following colloquy occured:

Coroner—Do you speak English?

Italian.—[Demonstrations either that he did not understand English, or the questions, or both.]

Cor.—Do you speak German?

Ital.—Some demonstrations as before.

Cor.—Do you speak Spanish?

Ital.—Demonstrations as before,

Cor.—Do you speak Latin?

Ital.—Demonstrations as before.

Cor.—[Expanding exultingly.] There, gentlemen of the jury, you see I have addressed him in five different langdages, and he does not understand one.—*N. Y. Eve. Post.*

Correspondence of the Pittsburgh Gazette.

GERRITT SMITH.

MESSRS. EDITORS:—I was gratified, though not surprised, to read in Thursday's *Gazette* of an act of justice and generosity by which Hon. Gerritt Smith had saved an innocent man, charged with murder, from condemnation. I was not surprised, because this is but one out of a thousand similar deeds that are prompted by the great heart of that excellent man. Would not your readers be interested in a short, but reliable account of Mr. Smith who is celebrated throughout the nation for his humanity, generosity and great abilities? The character of such a man is the world's property, and the world should claim its own.

Mr. Smith is a descendant of Peter Smith, who was a partner of John Jacob Astor, and like him died, after amassing a vast property. His son Gerrit, was his heir, which in part accounts for his great wealth.—But Mr. Smith himself is a most able financier, and fully competent to amass a fortune. A few thousand dollars that he invested in Oswego property long before that city had attracted the attention of the commercial world, secured to him real estate that is now valued at nearly one million of dollars. Although the investment has been to Mr. Smith a splendid speculation, still it was equally fortunate for the people of Oswego. They have often received the benefits of his munificence, and two years since Mr. Smith established a public library in that city at an expense of $25,000.

A belief has gone abroad that Mr. Smith is a man of one idea—having a negro for its object. Never was there a greater popular error. It is true, that the slave has no warmer friend, and slavery no abler and more untiring enemy than he. But no age, no sex, no color, monopolizes his benevolence and attentions. His sympathy is moved for the oppressed in every country—not less in his own State than in the South or Europe. Slavery being an evil of such great magnitude, and involving the happiness of so many human beings, merits, and receives from him much consideration, and its victims receive frequent assistance, in their struggle to gain their rightful freedom. Still the Temperance Reform has made equal drafts on his powers as an orator, and on the contents of his purse. Mr. Smith has devoted much labor to the cause of church reform, and so signal has been his success that not a single church member can be found in his own town, but what condemns Slavery and Intemperance in all their various forms.

The charities of this philanthropist are almost boundless; but a majority of them are unknown to the public. They are extended, not to win praise of men, but from an irresistable love of benefitting his fellow men. The poor, in all classes of society, including teachers, preachers, widows and orphans, have been the frequent recipients of his bounty. Mr. Smith has a delightful habit of presenting to all destitute families of his town on each succeeding Thanksgiving morning a barrel of flour, and a turkey, together with other more delicate articles of food Such acts need no commendation.

In 1852 Mr. Smith ran for Congress.—In Oswego his majority was small; in his own county, Madison, it was large, and in his own and the adjacent towns the vote for him was nearly unanimous. Thus those that know him best love him most.

Having entered Congress and made his first speech—the subject being the Munroe doctrine—he was surrounded by the champions of slavery and received their warm congratulations. They had looked upon him as the concentration of unreasonableness, audacity and malignacy. But to their astonishment they found him a master of logic and eloquence, an accomplished gentleman, and possessed of a heart full to overflowing of genuine love for all mankind. While in Washington, Mr Smith abated not a particle of his characteristic independence of thought and action. He was the first man to reprove the drunkeness that often disgraces the American Congress.—Often his opinions were backed but by a party of one, and that himself. But though Congressmen were not or would not be convinced, they listened to his words with wrapt attention, and awarded to him unfeigned respect

I can conceive of no scene more sublime than when this champion of Freedom—the same for whose head one thousand dollars had been offered by men of New Orleans—whose death had been predicted and resolved upon should he ever venture within the limits of slaveholding territory—stood up in Congress and before the fire-eaters of the South, and dough-faces of the North, declared the *right* of masters to their slaves to be a bald lie, and Slavery itself to be naked piracy. And while he went on to prove these bold assertions no heated interruptions disturbed the all pervading silence, and when he had finished there was no contradiction, no reply no challenge.

Mr Smith soon became, in virtue of the purity of his character, and of his exalted abilities, the favorite member of Congress; and during his short residence in the Capitol; dispelled a cloud of prejudice that had previously enveloped him.

Reader, have you ever seen Gerrit Smith? If not you ought to. It would do your soul good. As to personal appearance, I may safely declare him the finest looking man in the Nation. Possessed of a noble body crowned by a nobler head, he appears a perfect specimen of a man. His countenance fully indicates the immense mental power that lies behind it His voice, I believe to be unequalled, being musical, sonorous and of great compass and volume. When fired by some great subject, or moved by some unwonted opposition, his speaking rises to eloquence of the highest order. He then handles men as pigmies, and no audience can resist being made captive by the power of his argument and oratory.

Like all men Mr Smith sometimes arrives at false conclusions; but; unlike some, he is always glad to be convinced of an error, and it is at once abandoned

The world is loth to bestow on radical reformers any great degree of approbation. It is well that it is so; for reforms to be permanent should progress slowly. But I doubt not that the day will come, when Gerrit Smith will be received as one of the greatest benefactors of his race and history will award to him the high position of having been the noblest philanthropist of the present century. E H. S.

THE UNHAPPY RICH.

A picture from Blackwood.—No man can be blamed for [illegible] if he is able to pay for what he gets On the contrary, he is a benefactor, for he extends the sphere of employment, and maintains the rate of wages to the operative. It would be well for the country if this truth were more generally known and recognised, for there are undoubtedly a large number of affluent persons who set upon the opposite principle. They deny themselves the enjoyment of everything which cannot be classed as an absolute necessary of life, and they take credit to themselves for doing so

Men of this stamp wear the coat which covered them at the hymencal alter, until their eldest born is old enough to go to school, when Asta anax succeeds to the reversion of the threadbare garment, cut down to the dimensions of a jacket. No sight is more profoundly melancholy than the opening of the repositories of a deceased spinster of the Lady Grippy school. Her whole wardrobe, to which no addition has been made since the Rev. Jones Humgudeon disappointed her middle aged affections, would not fetch three shillings at Rag-Fair. The scanty pieces of furniture are of the craziest description; the carpet so worn that its pattern is entirely obliterated; the dusters have been darned so often that their original texture has disappeared. Cracked china, brass seals, glass heads, and one treasured ornament of cairngorm, are among the most valuable of her effects; but in one drawer there lies a pocket book of antique form, which her executor straightway clutches, and in it is discovered a deposit receipt of the Royal Bank of Scotland for fifteen thousand pounds! The lonesome woman has been scraping together, hording, and saving, for many years, representing herself all the while to her friends as an object of compassion—doing good no doubt in her way, by distributing many tracts and a little flannel to the poor, but never dreaming that it was a Christian duty to foster the industry of others. Poor thing! and yet there must have been some amiable traits in her character. The old woman who has acted as her sole servant on miserable wages for the last twenty years, bursts into a loud wail as she sees the sacred repositories invaded by the rude hand of a stranger,—and is no hypocrite, for with the death of her mistress her sole tie to earth is severed. The third is the old cat, so sleek and comfortable, coiled on the rug, and winking as if it wondered at the unusual bustle; and the little canary, once so brisk and lively, but now lifeless and dejected, as if it missed the hand that was wont to give it food. A melancholy scene, on which we will not further dwell! Well—there is the money now to be used, or it may be, squandered; for her nephew Jack Littlego, has a decided propensity for the turf; but we cannot help thinking with a sigh that the poor old decrepid and uncared for woman, who now lies in a dreary churchyard, might have had better interest for the money in the shape of the blessings of her kind.

The California U. S. Senatorial Election

Resulted as we expected, in the choice of the two persons who have heretofore led the hostile factions of the Democracy. It is not generally known, however, that this contest has demonstrated, beyond the shadow of a doubt, the utter helplessness of the Gwin segment which has been so long ruling that State. Mr. Broderick, the very man of all others whom they have used forged letters upon to bring him into disrepute, has come of conqueror. When the Democratic caucus met at Sacramento, it was found that of the 82 members, Mr. Broderick had 47, or a clear majority.—It was resolved by this majority to ballot first for a candidate for the long term, and on the the first ballot Mr. Broderick was chosen. The same majority then refused to ballot for another Senator until this one should be elected by the Legislature, and this was effected. Mr. Broderick was chosen in the Legislature on the first ballot, went immediately to the Govenor and got his credentials, and then, and not till then, was the nomination made for the other term.

In the caucus, therefore, Mr. Broderick's friends, of course, could have nominated, whoever they desired. Gwin received but twenty-eight votes on five ballots. An adjournment was had, and at the request of Broderick, his friends voted at the subsequent meeting for Gwin. To make the matter plain the Doctor published a letter in the California papers attributing his success to the generous aid afforded him by his old rival, and saying that he intended hereafter to interfere no more with the disposal of the Federal patronage in California. We have received private letters from highly respectable and intelligent persons in San Francisco, which speak very favorably of Broderick, and say that he will make a useful Senator, and reflect credit upon the State which has chosen him. —*Phil. N. Amer.*

☞ Towels wrung out of hot water and applied to the forehead, in cases of neuralgic headache, will, it is said afford much relief.

WHAT IS SOLITUDE?

BY CHARLES FENNO HOFFMAN.

Not in the shadowy wood,
Not in the craggy glen,
Not where the sleeping echoes brood
In caves untrod by men;
Not by the sea swept shore
Where loitering surges break,
Not on the mountain hoar,
Not by the breezeless lake;
Not in the desert plain
Where man has never stood,
Whether on isle or main—
Not there is solitude!

There are birds in the woodland bowers,
Voices in lonely dells,
And streams that talk to the listening hours
In earth's most secret cells,
There is life on the foam-flecked sand
By ocean's curling lip,
And life on the still lakes strand
'Mid flowers that o'er it dip,
There is life in the tossing pines
That plume the mountain's crest,
And life in the courser's mane that shines
As he scours the desert's breast.

But go to the crowded mart,
'Mid the sordid haunts of men,
Go there and ask thy heart,
What answer makes it then?
Go where the wine cups gleaming
In hall or festal grot;
Where love-lit eyes are beaming,
But love itself is not;
Go—if thou would'st be lonely—
Where the phantom Pleasure's wooed,
And own that there—there only—
'Mid crowds is solitude.

SPECIE.

The future supply of specie from California is of some consequence. The California papers state that the short supply can only be temporary. The San Francisco Price Current of the 19th January says.

"The supply of Dust reaching town of late has shown some improvement, but it is still far behind what it should be at this season of the year. This is of course caused by the extreme rigor of the season throughout the mining region, which prevents the miners from working to any advantage. Inde ', in the higher portions of the Sierra all labor is suspended, the snow being in many places from eight to twenty feet deep. Along the foot hills too, although the weather is less severe, the sluices are frequently frozen, and no washing can be done before the middle of each day. Altogether it may be safely conjectured that not one-third of all the miners are employed at present, and of these many are only enabled to work during a portion of each day.

"Although this state of affairs prevents business to a very great extent at present, it yet presents a fine prospect of a most favorable season hereafter. The snow which now mantles the whole range of the Sierra Nevada, is the grand reservoir from which water will be drawn during the summer months, and with the present bountiful supply, the work in the dry diggings and along the lines of the ditches and canals can probably be extended for many weeks, if not months, beyound the regular season. Another advantage, too, is presented in the fact that the melting snow soaks into the earth far more than mere rain does, and by loosening the soil greatly assists the labors of the miner. Altogether the prospect is bright of the coming season being the most remunerative one to the mining interest of any which has passed since the original discovery of good."

Written for the Philladelphia Sunday Mercury.

The Leaders of the two Parties in the House of Representatives at Harrisburg—Gideon J. Ball and Gen. Foster.

It is conceded upon all hands that Gideon J. Ball, Esq, of Erie, the nominee of the anti-Buchanan party for State Treasurer (if there ever should be an election held again for that office,) and prospective candidate of that party for Governor, is the leader of that party in the House of Representatives. On the other hand, Gen. Foster, the late candidate for the Democratic nomination for U. S. Senator, is, head and shoulders, the ablest Democrat in the House. These men are almost the exact opposites of each other. Ball is tall and slenderly built—is not strong but derives his energy from his nervous organization. Although not more than forty-five years of age, his hair is as white as driven snow. This arose from long and severe intestinal disarrangement, from which he has since fully recovered. He moves about and sits around through the hall loungingly. His manner would indicate that he is indifferent to all that is going on; but if any one will look at the keen, vivacious, expression of his small black eye, he will see that he is mistaken. He is at all times keenly alive to the responsibilities of the position assigned him by his party, as leader upon the floor. If any member of that party flounders into a mistake or a false position, he at all times is ready to come to his assistance and help him to beat a graceful retreat, or to, force the opponent who has caught him into a false position, and thus cover up his mistake. His ingenuity in this position is very great. This kind of care is almost paternal in its kindness to new members. His position is so easy so natural, that it excites no envy from any man of talent on his own side.

He is eminently gifted with the resources necessary for a successful parliamentary leader. He is profoundly acquainted with legislative rules, and has been in legislative life since 1847. He is quick to perceive an advantage, or to detect a mistake upon the part of an opponent.

As a debater he is always equal to the occasion. He speaks fluently has a copious flow of language, little or no pretensions to imagination, but is never dry or wearisome and always follows the subject in hand. Somewhat wanting in terseness of statement, he always succeeds in making clear and plain the ideas he has upon all subjects. His delivery is rapid and earnest, and his gesticulation has about it an utter disregard of all the rules of elocution. He has the Western style of address, of elocution, and in every thing else connected with his speaking. It is totally free from all affectation, and is graceful withal.

He has educated himself, and by the mere force of his will and talent has risen from the position of a common lake sailor to be a member of the Legislature in 1847, State Treasuror in 1850, and now stands a better chance to be the American and Republican candidate for Governor than any other man in the State.

Upon the other hand Foster is a well trained lawyer. How he ever came to be so is a wonder to those who see him casually and observe his apparent indisposition to work. When he is aroused however he can do immense labor within a short time. He hates work, but he can work earnestly, vigorously and well. His power in debate is unmistakable. He is direct pointed terse and clear. I have seldom ever heard a debater who sees, grasps and puts forth a proposition with more precission and strength.

In person he is about as tall as Mr. Ball—five feet ten. There is not a better *physique* in the house than his. It is not brawny or athelic, but it is one of those forms which combine great strength with exact symmetry of outline. His age is about the same as that of Mr. Ball, but his hair is only beginning to turn grey; he is, therefore, more youthful in appearance than his rival.

Both of these men have widely different intellectual constitutions, but both of them have great powers. Ball is ever watchful of his party's interests. It is too much trouble for Foster to be on the watch all the time. When, however, his party becomes entangled, and the opposition is likely to obtain any very decided advantage over it, he begins to arouse himself and come to their rescue.

Both of them are eminently popular in the House, for both of them possess fine social qualities. They are freely approached by all when any favor is wanted.

They are accessable at all times and they both possess fine command over their tempers. Indeed both of them have kind hearts, and are pleasant in conversation, and generally "good fellows." No one in distress or want could possibly apply to either of them and not have their wishes responded to to the very extent of their ability.

A DEAR EGG.—At a recent sale in London, of the late Mr. Yarrell's specimens of natural history, the most remarkable purchase was that of an egg for $100—the egg of the Great Auk, a bird of the diver tribe included in the British Fauna, but long since extinct.

The Hog Disease.—The disease, which has proved so fatal to hogs at the West this season, has broken out among the Western swine arriving at Philadelphia, and also among the hogs in the distilleries. This disease appears contagious and large numbers have died.

☞ A horse dealer describing a used up horse said he looked "as if he had been editing a daily newspaper."

To Clean Wall Paper.——Soiled wall paper may be made to look as well almost as new in most cases, by the following expedient:—Take about 2 quarts of wheat bran, tie it in a bundle in coarse flannel, and rub it over the paper. It will cleanse the whole paper of all description of dirt and spots, better than any other means that can be used. Some use bread, but dry bran is better.

CORNS.—The Scientific American, says:—The best cure for these troublesome things that we have ever tried is to soak the feet in hot water for a quarter of an hour, so that the corn becomes soft, and then trim it off as close as possible, and not cause pain. Then take the tincture of the Arbor Vitæ, placed upon a little cotton and apply to the corn, and after a few applications to the corn, will not only disappear entirely, but will not be likely to return again.

☞ TO CURE WARTS.—Pare the hard and dry skin from their tops, and then touch them with the smallest drop of strong acetic acid, taking care that the acid does not run off the wart upon the neighboring skin, for if does, it will occasion inflammation and much pain. If this practice be continued once or twice a day, with regularity, paring the surface of the wart occasionally, when it gets hard and dry, the wart will soon be effectually cured.

DRESSING WOUNDS.—Nine times out of ten will heal a wound quicker, if done up in its own blood than any other way. As for a burn, whatever will entirely exclude the air the quicker, is the best. Cotton will do this; so will oiled silk, if stuck at the edge by any kind of sticking salve. Put nothing on a burn to heal it. Nature will soon do it when the air is excluded, and the pain will almost immediately cease.

☞ Ink spots can be removed by saturating them with lemon-juice, and rubbing on salt, and then putting them where the sun will shine upon them hot for several hours. As fast as it dries, put on more lemon-juice and salt. When the lemon-juice cannot be obtained, citric acid is a good substitute. Iron mould may be removed in the same way.

SUICIDE OF CHARLES T. WHIPPO.

The Philadelphia Bulletin of the 19th gives us the details of this distressing suicide, which was perpetrated in that city on the evening before; the victim being a young homœopathic medical student named Charles T. Whippo, son of Dr. C. T. Whippo, president of the New Castle Bank, in Lawrence county—temporarily attending lectures at the Pennsylvania University in Philadelphia, and boarding with Mr. R. Snodgrass, No. 355 Arch street, above Ninth.

The deceased occupied the attic, and about seven o'clock in the evening one of his room mates, upon proceeding to the room, found the door locked, and the key sticking on the inside. As no heed was taken to raps, the door was forced open, and the persons who first entered were horrified at beholding young Whippo upon his back on a bed, dead. He was dressed in his ordinary clothing.

A wrapper, evidently torn from an ounce phial and labelled "Hydrocianic Acid," (prussic,) on a table, explained the cause of the sudden death. There was also a sealed letter with a half dime lying upon it, as though to pay the postage, directed to "Dr C. T. Whippo, New Castle, Lawrence county Pa."

The coroner next morning empannelled a jury, and a number of witnesses were examined. From their evidence it seems that the deceased had paid a visit to Ohio last month, and after his return was much dejected. At dinner, he seemed lively and in good spirits, after dinner attended a lecture by Dr. Jackson, at the University, and returned home at five o'clock. He was afterwards seen in his room writing and that was the last known of him until an hour and a half afterwards his dead body was found.

About five o'clock the letter carrier brought two letters to him. Mr. Whippo was at the corner of Ninth and Arch street when the letters were left; he hurried up the steps, took the letters, and again turned away from the house. A servant looked after, saw him stop, tear open one of the envelops, read the contents, and then go on down Ninth st. The deceased must then have proceeded to the drug store of Mr. Leidy, who testified that about five o'clock Whippo came into his store and inquired concerning the price of Prussic Acid. Mr. Leidy told him it was fifty cents an ounce. Mr. L. asked him what he was going to to with it, and he replied that he wanted it for the purpose of experimenting with it. The druggist said to deceased as he was about going away, "Don't go to killing yourself with that!" Whippo replied that he was not such a fool.

Mr. Leidy knew the deceased to be a medical student, and he had therefore no hesitation about selling him the poison.—Mr. Leidy was of opinion that a spoonful of it would have been sufficient to destroy life instantly. He was acquainted with deceased, and he saw nothing unusual in his manner when he bought the drug.

The letter directed to the father was opened by the coroner. The following is a literal copy of its contents.

"18th Feb'y, 1857. Dear Father—Come and get my dead body.

Charles Whippo."

The letter was written and subscribed in a firm hand. Near it was a bundle of white envelopes. Upon the upper one was written in the same hand, but in a manner which bespoke great agitation, the following sentence: "Oh, I am a murderer."

An envelope, which is believed to have been on one of the letters received by the deceased was found lying upon the table. It was subscribed in a delicate hand, like a lady's, and it was post-marked "Salem, Ohio, Feb. 17." This letter could not have been received earlier than that afternoon. The contents could not be found. The second letter is also missing. There were indications in the stove in the room that paper had been burned in it by the deceased.

The diary of the deceased was found among his effects; the entries in it were not regular. The last was dated December, 1856, and was an account of a spiritual communication he had received from a deceased friend. The journal made manifest the fact that the deceased was a decided convert to spiritualism, which was also proved by reference to a number of letters found in his trunk. These were generally from a relative who was as thoroughly imbued with spiritualism as himself. From these letters we glean the following facts, which certainly disclose a strange condition of things. The deceased was at one time located at Salem, O., and his visit West, in January, was to that place. At Salem he became enamorated of a married lady whose name we do not feel at liberty to give. This feeling was evidently reciprocated, and it would moreover seem that the lady was also a spiritualist.

The deceased was desirous of marrying the lady in spite of every obstacle, and he seems to have been instigated to the act by supposed communications from the spirit-world. The relative, in his letters, urged the difficulties in the way of the marriage the young man insisted on so strongly, and intimated that it was a bad spirit and not the spirit of Dr. F. that was communicating with him.

It would seem as though one or both of the letters received that afternoon, contained information which destroyed the hopes of the deceased, and goaded him on to commit suicide. This hypothesis is strengthened by an unsealed note, found in a portfolio belonging to the deceased.—The following is a copy of the note, only omitting the name of the lady:

Phila. Feb. 18, 1857.

My Dearest N.—I will see you in the spirit form before you will have read this my last communication on earth. My hopes are blasted forever; you tell me we can never hope to meet on earth. I will die and live with you forever. Farewell, farewell, till then, till I am by your side. I am yours in Heaven, as I have been on earth. "Charlie."

It is altogether a matter of surprise what is the exact character of the information contained in the letters received by the deceased yesterday; but the sentence, "I am a murderer," found written upon an envelope, suggest that death has been or will be caused in some way through his agency, and that the remorse as well as disappointment had something to do with his raising his hand against his own life. It is a mysterious affair throughout.

Not the least curious feature of this strange affair is the fact that neither the glass bottle which contained the drug, nor the glass stopple of it, can be found—The wrapper and the cover of the stopple were found lying upon the table; but the phial and stopple are both gone. It is believed that he threw them out of the window as soon as he had swallowed the drug.

The jury, after hearing the facts of the case, rendered a verdict that the deceased came to his death by swallowing Prussic Acid.

Young Whippo was a good looking young man, and apparently considerably older than he really was. He bore the reputation of being sober and orderly in his conduct. Although attending lectures at the Pennsylvania University, he was a student at the Homœopathic College.

For the Beaver Argus.

In justification of the course taken by us in the publication of the Receipts and Expenditures for the year 1856, allow us to say, that it was through no animosity, or personal feelings of disrespect to the present board of Commissioners, that made mention of the manner in which monies are received, and the public not know by whom or for what purpose, we had no thought that they would say aught against our action in this matter. But they say to you *fellow citizens* that it is "Calculated to do them *great* injustice."—Is it an *injustice* to *them* to show how much, of the public funds they received as Commissioners, we hope the people will view it in a different way. They say that we *intimated* that they (the present board) were the first to make such charges against the County" are they not under a wrong impression, we cannot see how sane men can infer from our note any such charges The people know that there has always been an incidental Expense, account charged against the County, we objected to no account this year, upon the account of its *size*, and the manner of its *disposal*.

In justification of their actions, they cite you to the incidental accounts of Lancaster Dauphin and Cumberland, three of the largest richest and most populous counties in the State to show that they are as large or larger than Beaver County, why should not these accounts be larger the the amount of business is more. You will notice that the items of the incidental accounts of these Counties are shown under a proper head, showing who received and for what purpose this money was paid, our commissioners *lump* their incidental and leave the tax paying *Citizen* in the dark, we believed it to be our duty as Auditors to show the people of the disposition of their taxes, when the Commissioners neglected to do as is done in the counties they refer too. On the settlement of this account we found that the Commissioners received the *greater* part of it, and we believed it right, by so doing we wished to call the attention of the tax payers of Beaver County, and let them, view it in its right light. They present figures to establish, their right to this sum of expenses. Bear with us while we refer back to the time when our County was larger in area than at present, with a population as great and more public improvements going on in the County to be attended to, (for improvements such as bridges and roads through the county have been stopped, upon the account of a monument of folly being erected, called a Jail or Penitentiary) and one of the years the incidental assessment 1847, let us see the difference:

Commissioners services,	1856,	$1233,00
Incidental Expenses; account of	do	241,70
		$1477,70
Commissioners services,	1847,	$70,00
Incidental Expenses, of	do	21,00
		$725.11
Balance in favor of Commissioners,	A. D. 1847,	$752,50

Can it be said that good men could not be found to fill the office of Commissioner in years gone by on account of the small salary, we say no; for some of our best citizens have done the business of that office for half the sum that it requires at present. They received $150 per day and paid their own personal expenses, our latter day Commissioners receive $2, per day and make the County fund pay for their personal and traveling expenses through the County. Oh! but they say it is customary to make these charges. How long has it been *customary*? By looking back we find (this hidden account as it should be called) began to swell about the year 1852 it was very large in 1853, and has been large since, so it will be seen that this *Custom* is of recent origin. Too recent to become law, and Custom is the only law they have for making these charges. They refer to 1853, and show that the account of that year was larger than 1856, we admit the fact, but we would ask if it was by the consent of the people or any legislature act that they received it. If one board of Commissioners take priveleges, it does not say that they are just, or that other boards, are justifiable in following their footsteps. Will the people submit to be ground down by taxes to make a fat office of Commissioner. In conclusion, we have shown that the auditors had a right to show the people what composed the incidental Expense account, we have shown that this account is but of recent origin, and was established by former boards of Commissioners and without law, we have shown that the present board, are following the footsteps of the latter day boards, we have shown that the business of the County when larger was done for the half of the amount it now requires, hence the conclusion of the auditors is that one competent *business* man as clerk (and the present Clerk is such a man) and with a living salary can do *all* the business of that office with but very little assistance from the hangers on."

Note—I have taken the privelege of using the plurals we our and us; knowing the sentiments of my brother auditors on this subject to acquiese with my own. John R. Eakin.

Brighton Tp. March 2, 1857.

Star Please Copy.

BEAVER ARGUS.

M. WEYAND..... J. WEYAND.

M & J. Weyand, Editors & Proprietors

BEAVER, PA.

WEDNESDAY, MARCH 4, 1857.

REPUBLICAN STATE CONVENTION

The Republican State Convention, for the nomination of candidates for Governor and other State officers, will be held at Harrisburg, on Wednesday the 25th of March 1857. Each District will elect Delegates in the usual manner, equal in number to its representation in the two Houses of the State Legislature; and no person will be entitled, by substitution to represent a district in which he does not reside.

CHARLES GIBSONS,
Chairman of State Executive Committee.

State Convention.

The citizens of Pennsylvania, who are opposed to the extension of Slavery, and to the other equally obnoxious principles of the incoming National Administration, as announced in the Cincinnati platform—who are opposed to the union of church and State, the exclusion of the Bible from our Common Schools, and in favor of protecting the ballot box from the corrupt influences by which the will of the people was defeated in the recent State and Presidential elections, are requested to elect delegates, equal in number, to the present representation in the Senate and House of Representatives, to meet in Convention in the Hall of the House of Representatives, at Harrisburg, on Wednesday, the 25th day of March next, at 12 o'clock, M., to nominate candidates for Governor, Judge of the Supreme Court and Canal Commissioner, to be supported at the ensuing October election.

David Taggart,	Fr. Jordan,
John R. Harris,	S. P. M'Calmont,
James J. Lewis,	E. V. Dickey,
De Lorma Imbrie,	C. E. Hoffman,
Paxson Vickers,	G. P. Shaw,
W. Warner,	Isaac Benson,
John H. Wintrode,	John S. Vanvorhis
A. W. Crawford,	R. B. Moorhead,
A. Hine,	T. Struthers,
C. S. Kauffman,	Hiram Cleaver,
John C. Sloan,	J. G. Shuman,
Jonas Augustine,	John Musselman
C. S. Lyster,	T. J. Coffey,
Joseph Brown,	Andrew Gregg,
Joseph D Powell,	L. Reed,
John T. Peters,	Jas. B. Backhouse
Nicholas Voegtly, Jr.	P. W. Housekeeper
James Penrose,	Wm. A. Crabb,
John Purcell,	Glenni W. Scofield,
James M. Sellers,	E. D. Gazzam,
John Withrow,	G. L. Ball,
Charles B Penrose,	W. B. Frazer,
Geo. T. Thorn,	J. Dock,
S. B. Chase,	Samuel Kerr,
David Mumma, Jr.,	S. S. Bishop,
John H. Gibboney,	John A. Hiestand,
Henry Souther,	John Wright,
W. F. Stevenson,	J. W. Kellinger.

Harrisburg, Feb. 23, 1857.

☞ In order to give room to our numerous correspondents, this week, we are obliged to defer much of the editorial prepared for this paper.

Errors.—In the communication of Dr Chandler, published in our last paper, the word "Zibrina" should read *Fibrina*, and the word "Sclicrate" should read *Supparate*. These were typographical mistakes of our own.

Court—Personal Matters.—Court commences its two weeks session, in this place, on Monday next, and we trust our patrons will avail themselves of the opportunity they will then have, of bringing or sending with their neighbors a little material aid.

Mail Robbery.—On Friday night last the Mail Bag west, was stolen from the train at Crestline, Ohio. It was known to contain a large amount of money in drafts; the payments of which will undoubtedly be stopped.

☞ The stranger spoken of in our last paper as having been killed on the Rail Road, a short distance this side of Pittsburgh, proves to be a man named Brickle. He resided in East Liberty, and was of very intemperate habits.

Death of Dr. Kane.—The telegraph, on Wednesday last, brought the sad intelligence of the death of the heroic Arctic Explorer, Dr Kane. Some two months since he returned to Cuba to regain his health, but alas, it was too late. On the 16th ult, he died.

Returned.—Judge Thomas Cunningham, at present one of the Supreme Judges of Kansas Territory, arrived at his home, in this place, on Saturday Evening last. He intends to remain here, we believe, until the opening of Spring.

Public Lecture.—On this (Wednesday) evening, there will be a public lecture in the M. E. Church, in this place, by either Prof. M'Cowan, of Pittsburgh, or Rev. A. Cookman, also of Pittsburgh. The former is said to be an able lecturer, while the latter has the reputation of being one of the most eloquent Divines in the West.

Episcopal Lectures.—On Sunday, the 8th inst., the second of a Series of Lectures, explanatory of the history of the Episcopal Church and its liturgy, will be delivered in Rochester, in the Episcopal Church, by Rev. Hodges.

Sabbath School Exhibition.—The Sabbath School of the Methodist Episcopal Church, of Bridgewater, will have an Exhibition in their Church, on next Friday Evening, March 6th for the benefit of said School. The exercises will consist of speeches and dialogues, by the children, music, vocal and instrumental. The public are invited to attend. Admission 10 cents.

Godey's Lady's Book.—This magazine is deservedly one of the most popular in the country, and from the manner in which new subscribers are being added, one would suppose that the publisher would soon have a circulation for his *monthly periodical*, much greater than the circulation of any *weekly newspaper* in the union. The March No. is an excellent one and was on our table in due time.

Robbers Caught.—From the Pittsburgh papers we learn that an extensive ging of robbers have been caught on the Pittsburgh, Ft. Wayne & Chicago R. R. Nineteen have already been arrested, and it it said that the R. R. Company have already paid as high as $50,000 to owners of goods, which they have stolen during the past year. The head-quarters of the gang was formerly at Loudenville, but more recently at Orrville. Among the nineteen referred to above, there are officers of the Rail Road, brakesmen, doctors, lawyers &c., who have hitherto borne unexceptionable characters.

A Word to the Wise is Sufficent.

As we sometimes receive and publish advertisements which may serve to mislead and deceive, we join the New York *Tribune*, in throwing out a word of caution—suggesting to our readers that they exercise their own reason a little before answering any advertisement demanding cash in advance for information to be afterward communicated, and to decline sending your money to a person who seems not to have a "local habitation and a name," but can only be reached through box No. 1,001, at the Post Office. The man who offers to guarantee a certain fortune on receipt of $1"—the other man, who has an "important secret worth thousands of dollars to any one, which he will send on receiving one three cent postage stamp"—the fellow who cures consumption and fits for the names of ten individuals—the chap who will procure situations at most extraordinary salaries for 50 clerks, if they will remit him a certain number of postage stamps in advance—the fellow who wants 100 agents in a light easy business, where they can make from $200 to $1,000 a month," and who demands of each one of them a preliminary deposite of $5—the "retired clergyman," who has an invaluable secret to sell for two postage stamps, and the "retired physician," whose sands of life are nearly run out, has another invaluable secret to sell for more stamps, are all true philanthropists of the most disinterested kind, for all that we know to the contrary; but we respectfully submit that there is room for a great doubt.

☞ The Star, in abandoning the points in dispute between us, and resorting to the old system of advancing epithets instead of arguments, admits that our view of its editor was a correct one. We can very well afford then, upon the idea that it pleases him and does not hurt us, to stand by, and see him apply to us bad names and say all sorts of queer things of us. This we can stand, but to follow him from the field of argument into the slough to which he invites us, is more than our self respect will permit us to venture upon.

New Arrangement on the C. & P. R. R.

Since the 25th ult., an arrangement has been entered into between the officers of the Cleveland & Pittsburgh Road and the officers of the Pittsburgh Ft. Wayne & Chicago Road whereby the latter agree to take the trains of the former through from Rochester to Pittsburgh. Passengers, therefore, on the Cleveland Road, will not hereafter be compelled to take a different train of cars, in going either to or from Cleveland. The trains will leave Allegheny City daily (Sunday's excepted) at 9.45 A. M., and at 3 P. M. The 9.45 A. M. is the only one by which passengers can go to Cleveland, the 3 P. M. train making no connection to that point—Persons, by taking the former train, will arrive at Cleveland in time for the trains to Sandusky, Toledo, Chicago, &c.

TAXABLES.

In the Senatorial and Representative District, composed of the counties of Beaver, Lawrence and Butler, there are, according to returns made to Harrisburg, the following number of Taxable inhabitants in the three counties.

Counties.	No. of Taxables
Beaver,	6,101
Lawrence,	5,926
Butler,	7,600
Total	19,627

Book Auction.—Mr. A. Townsend, Esq., of New Brighton, will commence, this evening, to dispose of, at Auction, a lot of books, consisting of Histories, Biographies, Travels, Poetry, Tales, &c., stationery and fancy articles. Persons desireus of purchasing anything in this line would do well to attend.

CONGRESSIONAL CORRUPTION—REMARKS OF MR. ALLISON.

In the House of Representatives, on Thursday the 19th ult., six Select Reports were submitted by the Select Committee, appointed to investigate charges, wherein it was stated that corrupt combinations existed among members of Congress.

These separate Reports are as follows:

1. Report in the case of William A. Gilbert, a member from the State of New York, presented by Mr. Henry Winter Davis, of Maryland.

2. Report in the case of William W. Welch, a member from the State of Connecticut, presented by Mr. Henry Winter Davis, of Maryland.

3. Report in the case of Francis S. Edwards, a member from the State of New York, presented by Mr. David Ritchie, of Pennsylvania.

4. Report in the case of Orsamus B. Matteson, a member from the State of New York, presented by Mr. Hiram Warner, of Georgia.

5. Views of the minority in the foregoing cases, signed and presented by Mr William H. Kelsey, of New York.

6. General report and evidence, also presented by Mr. Kelsey, and signed by the entire committee.

The substance of these reports are, that William A. Gilbert, William W. Welch, Francis S Edwards and Orsamus B. Matteson, are guilty, to a certain extent, of the charge of corruption, and the Committee further recommend their expulsion from the House of Representatives. Previous to the reading of the general Report, the Chairman of the Committee, Mr. Henry Winter Davis, of Maryland, stated that he was instructed by the Committee to submit a special report, relative to the case of William A Gilbert, and that he was directed to move that that Report be printed. The propriety of this elicited considerable debate, and it affords us pleasure to lay before our readers the subjoined remarks of Mr. Allison, the member for this District, on the motion to receive and print the Report:

Remarks of Mr. Allison.

Mr. Allison. Mr. Speaker, I have a very few words to say on this subject. I believe that the friends of the accused, or those who ask us to reject the report now submitted by the special committee, have committed an error in objecting to its reception at this time. The House, some five or six weeks ago, adopted a resolution offered by the gentleman from New York, (Mr. Kelsey,) and created a committee to investigate certain charges against members of this House. That committee has been in session for some forty days, and now ask leave to submit the result of their investigations. At the time the resolution was proposed to the House, there was some flinching in some quarters, which I regretted very much to see, and an effort made, as I thought, to prevent investigation. I was one of those who were anxious to have this investigation, and who wished the matter probed to the bottom, whoever might be affected by it. Charges had been made throughout the country seriously affecting the honor and purity of this body—bold, pointed, and specific charges, to the effect that corrupt legislation had been procured, and that large appropriations of money had been secured through corrupt means. It was felt to be due to the members of this House, and to the country, that those charges should be fully investigated; and I am surprised that there should be anybody opposed to such proposed investigation.

And, sir, I regretted to see my colleague (Mr. Grow,) take exception, today, to this report of the committee. What would be the position of the accused member if this report be rejected? The country will know the facts, and he will be in the position of an accused party, disgraced, and without the power to vindicate himself before the House. What will be the situation of the House if they refuse to receive the report from their own committee? They would stultify and disgrace themselves before the country and the world.—Therefore I wish to see the report received and ordered to be printed. Then the accused member can come before this House and the country, and vindicate himself.—Has he not friends here who will defend and vindicate him, if he is innocent? Have they not shown a willingness to do it?—Have they not the ability? Then why this disposition to prevent the reception of the report of the committee? Ar they not before impartial triers? Who of the members of this House, I would ask, are disposed to do the accused parties injustice?

I have risen to vindicate the committee, which has been arraigned here in a very extraordinary manner for performing the duty assigned to them by this House.—How would we appear before the country if we determined to pursue the course suggested by my colleague, [Mr. Grow] and the gentleman from New York, [Mr. Bennett] Would it not be said that because this committee had pushed its inquiries to the extent they have, and laid open to the gaze of the world things which many would have preferred to have kept covered, we now wish to suppress the whole matter!—Would not that be the verdict which an intelligent people would render against us? Would we be doing justice to the accused member? Indeed, gentlemen, by objecting to the reception of this report, are rendering the accused member poor service. The time has gone by when objections such as have been urged should have been presented; or if it has not gone by, it has not yet arrived. And the time to make the kind of appeal which my colleague [Mr. Grow] has made is when the report and accompanying evidence are printed, and the accused member is before the House on the resolution. Then my colleague might, with some propriety, urge his objections to the course adopted by the committee. Let us have their report, and then we can judge of their conduct toward the accused; but the present is not the time. The House owes it to itself, to the committee, and to the country, that this report should be received. If injustice has been done to the accused, the time to meet the question is when the resolution is before the House for adoption. If, upon full examination, it is shown that unfair means have been used; if this committee, in its star-chamber proceeding, so much condemned by my colleague, have been guilty of any improprieties, then the resolution will fall, and the accused member be vindicated. I would go as far as any member to expose improper conduct on the part of the committee, as I would on the part of any member of this House. But that committee must first be charged with improper conduct before they should be arraigned and tried here. A stranger coming into this Hall to-day, when my colleague was addressing the House, would have thought that the committee were arraigned instead of the gentleman from New York; that it was they who had committed some outrage upon law and justice. We owe it to the House, to the committee upon whom we imposed the onerous duty assigned them by the resolution, and to the country, that this report shall be received and ordered to be printed; and when that is done, I hope members will approach this subject under a full sense of their responsibilities as representatives of the people, and as colleagues of the accused. I trust there is not a feeling in the heart of any man here which would prevent him from doing ample justice to the accused. I hope that members will vindicate their privileges, the honor of the House, and faithfully discharge the unpleasant duty which devolves upon them. Let us not shrink from that duty. If gentlemen wish to preserve the honor and fair fame of this House, they must not seek to cover up a matter of this kind. And let condemnation fall where it may, let those suffer who may suffer, they will suffer only from their own misdeeds, and the House must not bear any part of that dishonor and disgrace. It must do this, or it will not be faithful to itself, faithful to the country, or faithful to the accused.

For the Beaver Argus,

Dr. Chandler A Plagiarist.

Mr. Editor:—An article bearing the signature of the above named gentleman appeared in your issue of last week.

As this article, in part or in whole, is purloined, from one of our standard works, and palmed upon an unsuspecting community as original; you will please indulge me while I expose the literary and scientific fraud.

This I would not have done had this gentleman not made the unprincipled drive at me that he has in this communication. He has for four years made me the constant theme of his public prayers, his class-meeting experiences, and by false and slanderous representations tried to defeat my election to the Mastership of Beaver Academy, though on the same side of politics. It is said that he makes me the constant theme of his conversation, yet this is the first time, and it may be the last that I shall ever take the least notice of him.

I can conceive of nothing meaner or indicating more clearly an ignorant and illiterate man, than an effort to take by stealth, the literary productions of another man, and appropriate them to one's self. If a man is too lazy, or too stupid to study a science, the practical part of which has made him rich, let him sit down in his ignorance, and at least make no pretensions. It is but a vain coxcomb that would desire to make the impression on a few minds at a distance that he was learned in the profession, when he must know in his soul, that every man and woman of common sense about home is laughing him to scorn for his false pretensions. Look at the article! It professes to be designed for the common people, not the profession. Does he select plain words that the people can understand? not he. He says *olantalgia* for toothache, and superior maxillary for upper jaw, &c. But it is true that the words were as the man found them in Harris, and how could *he* translate them?

The only ingenuity the Dr. exhibits is the soldering together of the parts, though the solder is rather *soft*, it is wonderfully well cemented, considering it has been culled from 300 pages of Harris' octavo, (Dental Practice.) But the greatest skill of all is in soldering the Preston Introduction. Now it must be remembered that this introduction first appeared a few weeks ago in the Argus as the head of a political article signed a Democrat Fulton. The doctor got his eye upon this, and says to himself I will try my blow pipe on this and if I can throw off the superfluous chrystalization of its "zinc," and its redundant "sulphate," it will make a capital introduction for my treatise on *Odontalgia*." So after the necessary chemichal process he melts it together and you can scarcely see the seam. He *could not* actually make an introduction but had to purloin it from a hard working man, and after removing it of its polish, he saturated it in a bottle of aqua pura, colored with some of those little powders to keep it from catching any disease from the medical part. A man so skilled is no "*dentist empiric*" or "*pro nobo dentist*."

Still there is some excuse for the Dr.—He could not help feeling uneasy, to see a "*dental empiric*" right before his nose operating for diseases of the antrum and performing other surgical operations; and that he was jealous of the medical society of Beaver county, and yet be silent. He must see that his neighbor of his, was a "*quality dentist*," while he himself was the true blue.

This must be made known to the public press. But alas I can't write. I'm not sufficient in science; but I am resolved that I will do now. I will go to Harris' principles of Dentistry, and from that will make something. I will change a few of the words, for instance, when the term *bony tangens* occurs, I will call it *zygoma*. It is an improvement on the original, and I will try and believe that Professor Harris is only a "*pseudo dentist*" as he is not one anyhow. To the end of this I will select three cases A. B. and C. and as no one will know who they are, and may not see it will come out yet before that "*dental empiric*" will have time to publish his.

I will now take up the Dr. article and compare it with Professor Harris and let the reader judge whether I have charged the Dr. has made in the wording is an improvement or not.

I will give the page Harris Principles and Practice of Dental Surgery Fifth Edition.

Mr. Editor:—Your proverbial courtesy as well as the fairness which you have ever exhibited toward the literary matters of our party general good, induces me to solicit the favor of a little space in your columns.—I have read in the *Fulton Democrat* of your discussion—*Chandler*.

The susceptibility of the human body to morbid impressions differs in different individuals. In some its functional derangement from slight and its consequent constitutional irritation and causes, and states of body, to the general health, these servants of dental influences, in a majority of cases may be counteracted by a strict observance of all the rules of dental hygeine.—*Dr Harris*, 432

Phosphate of lime. The principal inorganic or earthy ingredients of which are its principle are phosphate of lime ingredients. It is and fibrin which in sometimes, though in its incipient stages is not, always so subject in its texture, that it can be eruin producing inflammation between the gum and turned gums separated thumb and fingers—creating them from inflamation, purges the teeth, destroying once and suppuration the alveoli decay of the gums, inflamation periostium.—*Dr* tion of the alveola *Chandler*. dental periostium—*Harris*, 220, 223

It causes the gums Not only do the to inflame, swell, ulcerations inflame and parate and recede separate, the teeth from the teeth, the second loose in their alveola to waste, and dwell, but the socket the teeth to loosen cretions of the mouth and frequently to are vitiated by drop out. But the secretions rendered unfit to erations of the mouth be taken into and also vitiated by it stomach, so that what and thereby rendered it is permitted to unfit to be taken into main on the teeth the stomach. Hence neither the skill of as long as it is per the physician nor the mitted to remain on best regulated regithe teeth neither the men can restore the skill of the physician system to its healthy nor the best regulated functions.—*Chandler*

régimen will fully re store to the system its healthy functions —*Dr Harris*, 223

The worst form of The diseases and disease that occurs inflamation of its is here is inflamation of ning membrane, a its lining membrane, purulent condition of a purulent condition the same, also of the fluids of the ulcerations, antrum ulceration of the fibrous the living membrane And as all are not We can readily im similarly affected from agine that a cause the same cause, that which in one person would give rise to produce a simple simple inflamation of engorgement the living membrane, another an engorgement of the angry sinus, would in an aneurism other produce an ill conditioned ulcer, tungous, or osteosarcoma.—*Harris*, 480, 482, 483.

Digestion, circulation, Digestion, circulation, absorption and tion, respiration, respiration, are but some simple links in the disturbance of a single chain of nutrition the great which would be functional disorder destroyed by the absence broken.—*Dr Chandler* of any one of them *Ibid*.—*Cutler's School Physiology*, Page 206 *chapt.* 12, *verse* 338.

The above quotations need no comment from an "empiric." Enough has been done to show the honesty of the transaction. There are a few points that I did not find, but if I had a little book by has called Dentist's Manual, the author to spoil *teeth* by, to cure *toothache*. I am sure I could find the points. It is at least fair inferrence that if the information was purloined, and so much of the production as I have shown was purloined from a book that every dentist in the United States has in his possession, the Dental language is also borrowed without leave.

Having then reached this, is there the fairest ogie who will give credit to the A. B. C. case? He may have met a patient who had a gum boil. The Dr. may have "pitied" the tooth, and the boil may have disappeared, and the Dr. may have opened himself and said, "gum boil cured" and office, my honorable patronage for the 19th day of Feb. A. D. 1857, performed a surgical operation on a patient against whom the applied to me for the above named case in reference to the alveolo dalgia of the first molar on the lingual side of the superior maxillary, and adds point where the antrum is most prudent." That may be true enough but, who outside will believe that it was anything more than a toothache and gum bile?

One word more and I am done. The above quotation from Cutler's Physiology was excellently recognized by a member of Mr. William R—'s class in Surgery, and said he endorsing the Drs. communication read, we recited a part of that yesterday in school.

Now had the Dr. not spoken so much about "Dr. Chandler's Dr. Chandler" and given us more credit for ourselves, and less of the detestable, it would have been more becoming so much as to discredit neither the sense or his identity.

J. MURRAY

Beaver Farmers, &c.

AGRICULTURAL MEETING.

Beaver Farmers and Mechanics, in accordance with the constitution of the society an election of officers will be held on Monday evening March 9th, at 7 o'clock" in the Court House, for the purpose of electing officers for the ensuing year, and for the transaction of such other business as may be deemed necessary. It is hoped that every member will attend, and that as many persons as they believe will be interested in the welfare of the society at heart, and who will take the evidences of this fact by their attendance when called upon to do so, will be present. We don't want to lose a single member, but on the contrary we want to add to our number, and we can only do this by the exertion of each member. Let every one, therefore, except on the morning of the election, attend to the business of the day, and not be found neglecting the Fair. We have had many meetings, and the officers of the society have been elected, and we have always found that the meetings were well attended, and the business of the society transacted in a manner satisfactory to all present. We hope that our fair list year will be increased, and we want all the stock exhibited at the Fair to be entered, and we want all the articles prepared for exhibition by the 9th of March. Let us all meet on that day—come early, and remain to the fair of 1857 with a determination to make it better than any which has preceded it.

Respectfully,

B. M.

Pulaski Tp.

St. Louis, Feb. 25.—The Jefferson City correspondent of the Democrat, writing from a passenger from Kansas, says that a difficulty occurred between Governor Geary and Sherrod, growing out of the removal of the former to appoint the latter as Governor, as desired by the Legislature. Sherrod, a fatal termination. Sherrod came to the purpose of killing Geary, and met Governor in the street, shot him in the Geary did not resent, but fled. Sherrod up an indignation meeting on Saturday the 19th, when Sheriff Jones, Sherrod and others, attempted to intercept the meeting and in the affray shot Mr. Sheppard, of Gov. Geary's friends, mortally wounded two others. Mr. Jones the Governor's Secretary, shot Sherrod through the head, killing him instantly. Great excitement prevailed at Lecompton, and a general fight was anticipated that night. Governor Geary's residence is guarded by United States troops.

MARRIED

On the 25th inst by Rev J Morris, Mr WILLIAM J RHODES to Miss ANNA WALTON, both of Beaver Co.

DIED

On the 23d inst in Rochester Beaver Co. Pa. Mrs LAVINA, consort of George Hill, Esq, aged 62 years.

On the 18th ult, Mr. JOHN SHEP of Hopewell township.

AGRICULTURAL SOCIETY.

The annual meeting of the Beaver Co. Agricultural Society, under the Constitution, will be held in the Court House on the evening of Monday, March 9th, at 6½ o'clock.

As the Election of Officers for the ensuing year will be held, the annual report of the managers and Treasurer of the Society acted upon, and other important business transacted, a full attendance of members is earnestly requested. It is especially desirable that all parts of the County should be represented, so that suitable persons may be recommended for the different offices, and thus thwart the centralization of officers, which has been urged by some as a Complaint against the action of former similar meetings, may be obviated.

The Board of managers will meet at 10 o'clock A. M. of the same day in the Sheriff's office for the purpose of closing up the unfinished business and preparing the report for the current year.

By Order.

H. ANDERSON, Pres.

BEAVER MARKET

BEAVER, Feb. 25, 1857

(Corrected Weekly)

FLOUR—Per hundred	$3.50
RYE FLOUR—per cwt	2.25
BUCKWHEAT—per cwt	3.00
WHEAT—per bushel	1.20
RYE—per bushel	55
CORN—per bushel	60
OATS—per bushel	30
BUTTER—per pound	6
PORK—round	6½
LARD—per pound	7
POTATOES—per bushel	124
TALLOW—per pound	7
APPLES—per bushel	1.00 @1.25

PITTSBURGH MARKET

PITTSBURGH, February 24 1857

FLOUR—Superfine	$5.50@5.75
FLOUR—per cwt	2.75 per cwt
RYE—per bus	50@52
BUTTER—per pound	20
BUTTER—per pound	15@20

HOUSE AND LOT FOR SALE.

THE undersigned will offer for sale, her House and Lot, situated in Brighton tp. Beaver county, containing about two and three-fourths acres of land. The property is on the road leading from Beaver to New Lisbon, at the Landing of Richey Eakin, and is about two and a half miles from the former place. The House is a 2 story frame house, papered all through. There is also a good new stable and well, a well of water at the door, fruit trees, &c. Any one desiring a small garden for the purpose could not be better suited. Persons wishing any further information can receive it by calling on Richey Eakin's, in Brighton tp., or at the Argus office.

March 4 1857 MARGARET ANDERSON

Farm for Sale.

THE subscriber, living in Brownell tp. Beaver county, will offer for sale, a tract of land lying on the Ohio river bank, containing 200 acres. About 14 acres cleared, 20 of it bottom. The farm lies opposite Rochester station, on the P. Ft. W. & C. R. R. and would be convenient to Pittsburgh, Steubenville for gardening purposes. On the land is a small frame house and a large frame barn, &c. For further information inquire of R. L. Baker, Esq., of Economy, or the subscriber living in Log-town Valley.

N. B. Half of the above tract cannot be sold without a part of it. WM. M'DONALD.

March 4 1857

Fruit and Ornamental Trees

THE subscriber invites the attention of those desiring to plant trees this spring, that they can be supplied with a good assortment of Apples, best adapted to our soil and climate, Peach, Pear, Cherry, Quince, Nectarines, Raspberries, Strawberries and Grapes. Also ornamental trees, Shrubbery, Osage Orange, for hedges, &c. The best time for spring planting is from the 12th of this month to the 10th of April.

THOS. THORNLEY.

Fallston, March 4 1857.

FLYMER & ANDERSON

WHOLESALE DEALERS IN

Foreign Fruits, Nuts, Spices, Confectionary

SUGARS, FIRE WORKS, &c.

Oranges and Lemons received weekly.

No. 39, *Wood street*,

opposite the St. Charles Hotel,

March 4'57. PITTSBURGH, PA.

Look Here!

JUST received from the East our New Stock of

WALL PAPER

Larger than ever before. New style

POSITIVELY AT CITY PRICES.

We call your attention especially, to a lot of 25000 ROLLS AT 10 AND 12 CENTS per piece. Do not overlook the fact that you may here get an additional Roll, if necessary, or return what you have bought if too much.

Also, a good assortment of books, stationery, fancy goods, varieties, &c.

BOOKS NOT ON HAND

we will get in a day or two, without raising the price they command in the city

TERMS—Cash or Produce.

BRIDGEWATER BOOKSTORE

Bridgewater, March 3, 1857

EXECUTOR'S NOTICE.

ALL persons knowing themselves indebted to the estate of John Sheck, late of Brighton township, Beaver county, dec'd, are requested to make immediate payment to the undersigned residing in said township, and those having claims against said estate will present them properly authenticated for settlement.

March 4, 1857. JAMES LYONS, Ex'r.

BOOTS, SHOES,

HATS, CAPS, BONNETS, &c.

THE subscriber is now receiving directly from the New England manufacturers one of the very best selected and largest stock of goods ever brought to this market, consisting of mens, womens, misses and children's boots, shoes and gaiters. Also mens, boys and children's Wool, Furr, Kossuth Magyar, Hungarian, Artist, Pearl, Leghorn, Panama, Rutland, Straw; Braid and Palm Leaf Hats, together with a complete assortment of woman and misses Spring and Summer Bonnets. Having purchased directly from the manufactories for cash as is determined to sell the same upon terms that cannot fail to meet the wants of buyers, and is prepared to offer, both as to stock and terms, unprecedented bargains to all those who may favor him with a call. He proposes selling upon terms as favorable as those of any house in the eastern house, and will duplicate their New York bills.

JOSEPH PLUMMER, No Wood st.

March 4, 1857. Pittsburgh, Pa.

WALL PAPER.

W. P. MARSHALL & CO.

No. 87, Wood street, Pittsburgh,

Are now opening a large and new stock of PAPER HANGING of every description for the Spring Trade, suitable for

Drawing Rooms,
Parlors,
Dining Rooms,
Halls and
Chambers.

Embracing the newest designs of pattern. Also Window Shades in great variety, at prices that will suit the Country Trade.

Mar 4, 1857.

SPRING GOODS!

Wilson, McElroy & Co.,

SUCCESSORS TO GEORGE P. SMITH & CO.,

No. 54 Wood Street, Pittsburgh,

Are now receiving a large and varied stock of IMPORTED and

Domestic Dry Goods,

To which the attention of the trade is invited

Mar. 4 1857.

Spring Trade for 1857.

B. A. FAHNESTOCK & CO.

CORNER OF WOOD AND FIRST STREETS.

PITTSBURGH, PA.

IMPORTERS AND DEALERS IN,

Drugs,	Lard Oil,	Linseed Oil,	Window Glass,
Medicines,	Alcohol,	Turpentine,	Glassware,
Chemicals,	Tanners' Oil,	Varnishes,	Perfumery,
Dye Stuffs,	Sperm Oil,	Brushes,	Patent Medicines,
Paints,	Whale Oil	Spices,	Surg Instruments.

MANUFACTURES OF

WHITE LEAD RED LEAD & LITHARGE.

Our White Lead, ground in Oil, is put up in packages of 25, 50, 100, 200, 300 and 500 pounds, which are guaranteed to be strictly pure and full weight not surpassed by any for fineness and whiteness.

Our facilities for the purchase and importation of Drugs, &c. are such as enable us to sell on as favorable terms as Eastern Jobbing Houses.

Feb. 11, 1857.

WILSON, CHILDS & CO.

Wholesale Dealers in

DRY GOODS AND NOTIONS,

No 45 Wood st. (opposite St. Charles Hotel)

Pittsburgh, Pa.

Are now receiving an unusually large and attractive stock of Dry Goods and Notions for the spring trade.

The attention of buyers is respectfully invited.

March 4, 1856.

THOS. KENNEDY, JR. ..... JOHN T. SHANE

THOMAS KENNEDY, JR., & CO.,

No 62, Cor Wood and 4th sts,

PITTSBURGH, PA.

WE are now opening a large and well selected stock of FANCY and VARIETY GOODS including Combs, Thread, Willow ware, Toys, Looking Glasses and Jewelry of all kinds. As we manufacture our own looking Glasses, we are enabled to sell them as low as they can be bought in any market. We invite the attention of purchasers before going East or buying elsewhere. Particular attention paid to orders.

Mar 4, 1857.

Sale of Real Estate

I wish to sell my property, which is near the village of Industry, Beaver county, Pa. The property is one and one fourth acres of land, on which is erected one large Dwelling House, well finished, having three rooms and a store-room on the first floor, and five rooms above stairs; also a large cellar. There are, on said premises, a stable, smoke-house and a well of excellent water at the door. The property is about three hundred yards from the station on the Cleveland & Pittsburgh Railroad.—Any person wishing to follow the mercantile business will not find a better situation in Beaver county. Any person desiring any information in relation to the above property can have it by applying to the subscriber on the premises. Feb 25 1857. C. H. HAYS.

EXECUTOR'S NOTICE.

ALL persons knowing themselves indebted to the estate of John Neff, dec'd, late of Brighton township, Beaver county, are requested to make payment, and those having claims against said estate will present them to the subscribers, properly authenticated for settlement.

ABRAHAM B. WOLF,
WILLIAM G. WOLF,
Executors.

February 25 1857

EXECUTOR'S NOTICE.

ALL persons knowing themselves indebted to the estate of Thomas Anderson, dec'd, late of Harmony tp., Beaver county, are requested to make immediate payment, and those having claims against said estate will please present them to the subscriber, in said tp., properly authenticated for settlement.

Feb 25 1857 ALEX. ANDERSON, Ex'r.

Public Sale of Real Estate

BY virtue of an authority contained in the last will and testament of Robert Calvin, dec'd, I will sell at Public Vendue, on the premises, on Thursday, March 19th, 1857, at 12 o'clock, M., a valuable tract of land, situate in South Beaver tp., Beaver county, containing about 80 acres, over 50 acres cleared, the balance fine timbered land, 12 of which is first rate meadow—with a large two story brick dwelling house and frame kitchen, and other necessary and convenient out buildings. The land is of an excellent quality for cultivation, well watered, and supposed to contain three veins of excellent coal. Title good.

TERMS—One third in hand, the balance in two annual payments with interest from day of sale.

REUBEN WATT, Executor.

February 25 1857

A FIRST RATE FARM And Personal Property at Auction.

IN pursuance of the last will of James Scott, Esq., dec'd, the undersigned Executors will offer at public sale, on the premises, on Thursday the 26th day of March, 1857, the Farm on which said deceased lately resided, in Chippewa township, Beaver county, two miles from New Brighton, on the road to Darlington, containing about 162 acres. The improvements are of the first order—a large new two story brick dwelling, finished in good style; an excellent bank Barn, Orchard, &c. The farm is in excellent condition, and well suited for grain or grazing. The land is underlaid with veins of COAL, of 3 and 4 feet thick, and as the cut line is within about 80 rods of the Pittsburgh & Chicago Railroad, and three-fourths of a mile from the Canal, the Coal may readily be brought into market. Extended time may be had for a considerable portion of the purchase money.

At the same time there will be offered horses, cows, young cattle, hogs, farm utensils, hay, grain in the ground, forty shares of stock in the Fallston Bridge Company, with many other articles. Terms made known on day of sale.

JOHN REEVES, New Brighton,
WM. HENRY, Beaver,
Executors of James Scott, dec'd.

February 25 1857

New Castle Gazette copy 3 times and send bill to this office.

EXECUTORS' NOTICE.

ALL persons indebted to the estate of Robert Stevenson, dec'd, of Big Beaver tp. Beaver county, Pa., are requested to make immediate payment, and those having claims against said estate will please present them to the subscriber, in said tp., properly authenticated for settlement. S. G. CAUGHEY,

February 4, 1857 Ex'r.

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE.

ALL persons knowing themselves indebted to the estate of John A. Brown, dec'd, late of Freedom, Beaver county, are requested to make immediate payment, and those having claims will present them to the subscribers, properly authenticated for settlement.

WM. V. BROWN,
Jan 28 1857 FREAY BROWN, } Adm'rs

Trustee's Sale of Real Estate.

In pursuance of an order of sale issued out of the Court of Common Pleas of Beaver county, will be exposed to sale on the premises, at public vendue or out-cry on Saturday March 7th 1857, at 2 o'clock P. M. the following described lot of the Borough of Beaver, No. 101 the property of the heirs of John English and Joseph Mochread deceased, upon which is erected a large frame dwelling house, with other buildings. A number of apple trees on the lot. The property is favorably located for public business. Location suited for either store or tavern stand. The lot is open on three sides, and conveniently adapted for ware-houses or other buildings, on the alleys. It fronts 120 feet on the business street of the town, and extends back (along an alley (to an alley, 300 feet, containing seven-eighths of an acre of ground. It is also very conveniently situated for a supply of water, the principle fountain in the eastern part of the town being immediately in front. The Post office of the borough is now kept in this building.

TERMS—One third in hand, and the balance in two equal annual installments from the confirmation of sale by the Court, with interest thereon from same time. For further information inquire of Benjamin Adams, Trustee.

Feb. 11, 1857.

Star Copy.

A Valuable Farm for Sale.

WILL be exposed to Public Sale, on the premises, on Thursday, March 5th, 1857 at 1 o'clock, P. M.; that desirable farm belonging to the heirs of John Boyd, dec'd, adjoining lands of James Todd on the east, Philip Cooper on the south, James Alcorn on the west, and Nevin and Russell on the north; situate in Moon township, Beaver county, on the Pittsburgh and Beaver road, 6 miles from Beaver, south of the Ohio river, convenient to churches and mills; containing 115 acres more or less, about 60 acres cleared and in a high state of cultivation; a good orchard, water in every field; a frame barn 55 by 30 feet, and log house on the premises. An indisputable title will be given. Possession given at any time. Persons wishing to see the farm can do so by calling on the subscribers. Terms made known on day of sale.

INGRAHAM BOYD, New Scottsville,
Feb18'57 SAMUEL BOYD, New Sheffield, } Ex'rs.

Removal.

W. G. CHITTICK & Co.,

HAVE REMOVED TO

No. 164 Market, and No. 35, Merchant Streets,

Where they have now on exhibition

A MAGNIFICENT ASSORTMENT OF AMERICAN DRY GOODS,

Adapted for first-class trade in every section of the country,

BLEACHED SHIRTINGS,
PRINTS,
COTTONADES,
TWEEDS,
JEANS,
SATINETS.

ALSO THEIR

SPRING IMPORTATION,

OF

Foreign Goods,

Which for Elegance,
Variety and
Cheapness
Is unsurpassed,

CASH AND CLOSE BUYERS

Will find it greatly to their advantage to give this Stock a careful examination before purchasing.

Organdies, Barèges,
Tissues, Jaconets,
Challies, Dusches,
Ginghams, Brilliantines,
Swaws, Embroideries,
Laces, Ribbons,
Hosiery, Linens,
Grenadine Robes,
Organdy Robes,
Jaconet Robes,

CLOTHS AND CASSIMERES,

A large line of Mohair de Deges,

AND

The best make of Corduroy goods Imported

No. 164, MARKET STREET,

South side, three doors below Fifth street,

feb 25 1857 PHILADELPHIA.

AUCTIONEER.

The undersigned having been appointed Crier for the Court of the County of Beaver, will in Connection with this duty offer his services to the public generally, as an auctioneer for the sale of both personal and real estate. He has for a number of years been engaged in the auctioneering business and has an acquaintance with it in all its details.

Persons desiring my services will please give mention at Phillisburgh Water Cure Post office Beaver Co. Pa. or New Sheffield Beaver Co. Pa before advertising their sales.

Febl.-1857. Wm. Shrodes.

APPEAL FOR 1857.

TO the Taxable Inhabitants of Beaver County Pursuant to the provision of the Laws of this Commonwealth, the undersigned Commissioners of Beaver County hereby give notice to the taxable inhabitants within the Respective Boroughs and Townships of the said county, that the days of Appeal from the Assessments for 1857, will be at the Commissioner office in the Borough of Beaver, on the days following:—viz from Monday the 16 day of March to Saturday the 21, day of March Both days inclusive—Also at any other time, when in Session previous to those days.

W. P. Phillips,
Feb. 16,1857. Phillip Cooper,
Hugh Sutherland.

Sheriff's Sales

BY virtue of sundry writs of Fieri Facias Venditioni Exponas and Levari Facias, issued out of the Court of Common Pleas of Beaver county, and to me directed, will be exposed to sale by public vendue or out cry, at the Court House in the Borough of Beaver, on

FRIDAY MARCH 6th 1857.

at 10 o'clock, A. M., the following described property, to wit—

No. 1. All the right, title, interest and claim of defendants, of, in and to that certain stone building known as Trinity Church, in Rochester, in the county of Beaver, being twenty-five feet by fifty feet in the clear, wit six feet portico in front and a chancel six feet square and eight feet deep; the said building being one story high, with five walls, and being fourteen feet high to the ceiling, and situated in a certain lot of ground in the Borough of Rochester in the county aforesaid, and bounded and described as follows, to wit: Beginning at the corner of New York and Jackson streets on the south east side, thence along Jackson street north 62 deg. east, 90 feet to a stake in said Jackson street, thence at right angles with Jackson street, south 28 deg. east, 100 feet to a stake, thence south 62 deg. west, 100 and 56 feet to New York street, thence along New York street 115 feet to the place of beginning. Seized and taken in execution as the property of the Rector, Wardens and Vestry men, of Trinity church, Rochester, at the suit of Silas Powell and Thomas Hays, also at the suit of George Henkle.

ALSO.

No. 2. At the same time and place all the right, title, interest and claim, of defendant, of, in and to three certain lots of ground situated in the Borough of New Brighton, Beaver county, Pa., Nos. 148, 149 and 150, bounded on the south by Market street, east by Brush alley, south by alley and west by Fourth street, containing 150 feet front by about 150 feet back, more or less enclosed with board fence and planted with fruit trees. Seized and taken in execution as the property of Thomas T. Reed, at the suit of the Trustees of Beaver Academy.

No 3. ALSO.

At the same time and place all the right, title, claim and interest, of defendant, of, in and to a lot of ground situated in the Borough of Rochester, Beaver county, bounded on the south by street, on the east by Samuel Moore, on the south by the Ohio River, and on the west by William Alexander: on which is erected one large warehouse. Seized and taken in execution as the property of Rollin G. Parks, at the suit of William Porter, use of Elihu Francis, now for the use of Thomas Cunningham.

No. 4. ALSO.

At the same time and place, all the right, title, interest and claim, of defendant, of, in and to a certain lot of ground situated in the borough of Bridgewater, bounded on the north by street, east by Market street, south by alley, and west by Market street, on which is erected one two story frame dwelling house with frame kitchen and frame stable. There are a number of fruit trees on the lot all inclosed. Seized and taken in Execution as the property of George Miller, at the suit of Samuel Ecoff.

No. 13. ALSO.

At the same time and place, all the right, title interest and claim of defendant, of in and to a certain lot of ground situate in Honkstown, Greene township, Beaver County, Pa. bounded on the north by Mill street, east by John Sterling, south by heirs of Mathew Glass, and on the west by Carother's heirs, containing one-hundred and twenty feet square, more or less, on which is erected one two-story frame dwelling house, and also a steam saw mill in good running order, and also one carding machine. Seized and taken into Execution as the property of James S. Walker at the suit of David Robinson Adm'r of Thomas Stevenson.

No. 14. ALSO.

All the right, title interest and claim of Defendant, of in and to a certain piece or parcel of land situate in Greene township, near the Ohio River, bounded on the north by land of Samuel Smith, dec'd, and others, east by land of Robert Laughlin, south by land of John M'Caskey, and west by land of Dawson, containing about twenty-eight acres, on which are some improvements and a valuable coal-mine. Seized and taken in Execution as the property of Eliza J. Robinson, at the suit of James Moody, Adm'r of the Estate of Ross Robinson, dec'd.

Sheriff's Office } JAMES DARRAGH, Sh'ff.
Feb. 13, 1857. }

Notice.

Is hereby given, that the following named persons have filed in the office of the Clerk of the Court of Quarter Sessions, for the county of Beaver, applications for license, which will be presented to said court and heard on Wednesday the 11th day of March next.

Taverns—M. Camp, Rochester borough H. Bean, Roch. D. Johnson, Big Beaver, J. Darling, New Brighton T. Barton, do J. M'D wild, Hopewell township. John Clarke, Beaver Borough.

Eating Houses—S. Johnston, Rochester J. Mc M'Kee, do.

Feb. 18. WM. K. BODEN, Cl'k.

March appointments

DR. H. TUBBS,

Will be at his room, Bridgewater, Lehmer's Hotel, Tuesday, May 31st, 1857.

For consultation upon all diseases of the Throat, Lungs, Heart, Liver, Stomach, Bowels, Kidneys and Spleen; also Dropsy, Gravel, Rheumatism, Nervousness, Debility, Dyspepsia, Female diseases, Ague and Fever, Fits, Impurities of the blood, Eruptions, Cancers, Ulcers, and all other varieties of long standing complaints, both external and internal.

For some years Dr. T. has devoted his entire time to chronic diseases, treating thousands annually, many of whom had exhausted every remedy within their reach. In no case are other resources within the colored, nor does he attempt to cure diseases, or cure down to built make sick to make well, or to be taken with up again. The medicines can be taken with safety by the most delicate, and patients may remain at home, and continue with prudence their ordinary diet and exercise. Many have received under the treatment after friends and physicians had given up all hope, the indisputable evidence of which can always be furnished. Invalids, however reduced or despairing, are invited to call, and may be assured that no encouragement will be given or expense incurred, without a corresponding prospect of recovery.

We commend the following astonishing case of ulceration of the right lung, involving, doubtless, the Pleura on the same side, to the attentive perusal of consumptives.

Union tp., Logan Co., Ohio, Feb. 1857.

Dr. Tubbs—Dear Sir: When I saw you in July last, I was in a very feeble condition. I had had a violent cough for the eight months previous, accompanied by a discharge of enormous quantities of putrid matter, such as issues from an old sore. Sometimes it was tinged with blood. The accumulation of matter in the chest became so great as to cause an enlargement externally of the breast or side. When the abscess broke the flow of matter was so profuse as nearly to cause suffocation.

After expectorating thus freely, swelling would subside. The pus would then gradually collect again, producing the same fulness, and followed by a most copious discharge as before.

This continued for about four months and until after I commenced your treatment. I was reduced in flesh, had nigh sweats, and my ankles and lower limbs swelled so large that bandaging was resorted to in order to reduce it. My cough was continuous, night and day depriving me almost altogether of rest or sleep. Improvement was gradual but continued after seeing you until I got entirely rid of my sweats, cough and expectoration, also the enlargement of the side, and am again as healthy as is usual for me when in health. So far the severe weather of winter has produced no return of my old symptoms, and health and strength remain comfortably good. I had no expectation of ever again being as well as I now am. I now furnish this that others may know what means were employed during my recovery. Having resided forty years in Logan county, I am well known to its citizens, to whom reference may be had.

Yours Truly,
SAMUEL MOORE.

Feb. 18, 1856.

DISSOLUTION.

The partnership heretofor existing under the name and style of Young & Thomas was this day dissolved by mutual consent. The business of the late firm will be settled up by Wm. Thomas, who will continue the business at the old stand.

P. B. Young.
Feb. 11. 1857. Wm. Thomas.

SPECIAL NOTICES.

THE GREAT ENGLISH REMEDY.

SIR JAMES CLARKE'S

Celebrated Female Pills.

Prepared from a prescription of Sir James Clarke, M. D. Physician Extraordinary to the Queen. This invaluable Medicine is unfailing in the cure of all those painful and dangerous diseases incident to the female constitution.

It moderates all excess, removes all obstructions, and brings on the monthly period with regularity. These Pills should be used two or three weeks previous to confinement; they fortify the constitution, and lessen suffering during labor, enabling the mother to perform her duties with safety to herself and child.

These Pills should not be taken by females during the FIRST THREE MONTHS of Pregnancy as they are sure to bring on Miscarriage, but at any other time they are safe.

In all cases of Nervous and Spinal Affections, pain in the Back and Limbs, Heaviness, Fatigue in Slight Exertion, Palpitation of the Heart Lowness of Spirits, Hysterics, Sick Headache, Whites and all the painful diseases occasioned by a disordered system, these Pills will effect a cure when all other means have failed, and although a powerful remedy, do not contain iron, calomel, antimony or any other mineral.

Full directions accompanying each package Price, in the United States and Canada, One Dollar.

Sole Agents for this country.

I. C. BALDWIN & Co.,
Rochester, N.Y.

TUTTLE & MOSES, Auburn, N. Y. General Agents.

N. B. $1,00 and 6 postage stamps enclosed to any authorized Agents, will insure a bottle of the Pills by return mail. For sale by C. L. KAISER, Rochester, Pa.

Wholesale Agents FLEMING BROTHER, Pittsburgh, Pa. Dec. 17.

"NO SUCH WORD AS FAIL."

A RESISTLESS REMEDY.

HOLLOWAY'S OINTMENT

CIRCULAR TO THE SICK.

The first hospital surgeons and medical publicists of Europe, admit the unparalleled anti inflammatory and healing properties of this Ointment; governments sanction its use in their naval and military services; and the masses in this country and throughout the world repose the utmost confidence in its curative properties. It penetrates the sources of inflammation and corruption which underlie the external evidences of disease, and neutralize the fery elements which feed and exasperate the malady.

RHEUMATISM, SCROFULA, ERYSIPELAS,

These are among the most terrible and agonizing diseases of the muscles, the fleshy fibre and the skin; yet in their worst forms, and when seemingly incurable, they invariably disappear under a persevering application of this soothing, healing, antiputrescent and inflammation.

SALT RHEUM, FEVER SORES, STIFF JOINTS.

In cases of Salt Rheum, where medical waters, lotions, and every recipe of the pharmacopeia have proved useless, the Ointment will accomplish a thorough cure. Fever Sores heal quickly under its influence, and its relaxing effect upon contracted sinews is truly wonderful.

DISCHARGING ULCERS.

A most remarkable and happy change is produced in the appearance of malignant ulcers after a few applications of this Ointment.—The surrounding redness vanishes, and granules of healthy flesh begin to take the place of the discharged matter. This process goes on more or less rapidly, until the orifice is filled up with sound material, and the ulcer radically cured.

A WORD TO MOTHERS.

The young are the most frequent sufferers from external injuries, and therefore every mother should have this healing preparation constantly at hand. It is an absolute specific for sore breasts, and quickly removes the incrusted sores which sometimes disfigure the heads and faces of children.

SIGNIFICANT FACTS

This Ointment is universally used on board the Atlantic and Pacific whaling fleet as a remedy for scorbutic affections and as the best possible remedy for wounds and bruises. Large supplies of it have recently been ordered by the Sultan of Turkey for hospital purposes.

Both the Ointment and Pills should be used in the following cases:

Bunions	Lumbago	Sore Legs
Burns	Mercurial	Sore Breasts
Chap'd Hands	Eruptions	Sore Heads
Chilblains	Piles	Sore Throats
Fistulas	Rheumatism	Sores of all
Gout	Salt Rheum	kinds
	Skin Diseases	Sprains
Swell'd Glands	Stiff Joints	Scalds
Ulcers	Venereal Sores	Wounds of all kinds.

*** Sold at the Manufactories of Professor Holloway 80 Maiden Lane, New York and 244 Strand London, and by all respectable Druggists and Dealers of Medicines throughout the United States, and the civilized world, at the following prices, viz: 25 cents, 62½ cents, and $1 each. Pots, at 62½ cents, is a considerable saving by taking the large size.

N. B. Directions for the guidance of patients are affixed to each pot.

February 25 1857

HOLLOWAY'S OINTMENT AND PILLS have a cosmopolitan reputation. In every land, Christian or savage, to which commerce has carried them, they have become standard remedies for the most painful and dangerous complaints to which humanity is liable. The Ointment is an acknowledged specific for all eruptive, tumorous, and ulcerous disorders; and there is no disease of the stomach, the liver or the bowels, that may not be subdued by a persistent use of the Pills.

DR. DE MARTINEZ'S HOLLAND BITTERS

THE CELEBRATED HOLLAND REMEDY FOR

DYSPEPSIA,

DISEASE OF THE KIDNEYS,

LIVER COMPLAINT,

WEAKNESS OF ANY KIND

FEVER AND AGUE,

And the various affections consequent upon disordered

STOMACH AND LIVER.

Such as Indigestion, Acidity of the stomach, Colicky Pains, Heartburn, Loss of Appetite, Despondency, Costiveness, Blind and Bleeding Piles. In all Nervous, Rheumatic and Neuralgic Affections, it has in numerous instances proved highly beneficial, and in others effected a decided cure.

This is a purely vegetable compound, prepared on strictly scientific principles, after the manner of the celebrated Holland Professor, Boerhave. Because of its great success in most of the European States, its introduction into the United States was intended more especially for those of our fatherland scattered here and there over the face of this mighty country. Meeting with great success among them, I now offer it to the American public, knowing that its truly wonderful medicinal virtues must be acknowledged.

It is particularly recommended to those persons whose constitutions may have been impaired by the continuous use of ardent spirits, or other forms of dissipation. Generally instantaneous in effect, it finds its way directly to the seat of life, thrilling and quickening every nerve raised up the drooping spirit, and, in fact, infusing new health and vigor in the system.

NOTICE!—Whoever expects to find in this beverage will be disappointed, but to the sick weak and low spirited, it will prove a greatful aromatic cordial, possessed of sin gular remedial properties.

CAUTION.—The great popularity of this delightful Aroma has induced many imitations, which the public should guard against purchasing. Be not persuaded to buy anything else until you have given Boerhave's Holland Bitters a fair trial. One bottle will convince you how infinitely superior it is to all these imitations.

Sold at $1 00 per bottle, or six bottles for $5.00 sold by the proprietors, Benjamin Page, Jr & Co. Manufacturing Pharmaceutists and Chemists, Pittsburgh, Pa.

MAIL ARRANGEMENTS

At the Rochester Post Office, Pa.

The Western Mail closes at 9½ o'clock A. M.

The Cleveland & Steubenville mail closes at 9½ o'clock A. M.

The Eastern mail closes at 10 o'clock and 20 minutes A. M.

The Beaver mail closes at 12 at noon.

C. W. BLOSS, P. M.

OFFICIAL DIRECTORY.

OFFICERS OF THE UNITED STATES.

President—Franklin Pierce.
Vice President—(*de facto*) Jesse D. Bright.
Secretary of State—William L. Marcy.
Secretary of Interior—Robert M'Clelland.
Secretary of Treasury—James Guthrie.
Secretary of War—Jefferson Davis.
Secretary of Navy—James C. Dobbin.
Post Master General—James Campbell.
Attorney General—Caleb Cushing.
Chief Justice—Roger B. Taney.
Pension Commissioner—L. P. Waldo.

STATE OFFICERS.

Governer—James Pollock.
Sec. of Commonwealth—A. G. Curtin.
Surveyor General—John Rowe.
Auditor General—Jacob Fry Jr.
State Treasurer—H. S. Magraw.
Judges Supreme Court—J. S. Black, E. Lowis, Will Lowrie, G. W. Woodward, J. C. Knox.
U. S. Senators—Richard Brodhead, William Bigler.
Canal Commissioners—Henry S. Mott, Arnold Plumer, George Scott.

DISTRICT OFFICERS.

President Judge—Daniel Agnew.
Member of Congress—John Allison.
Senator—John R. Harris, Butler county
Assembly—De Lorax Imbrie, G. P. Shaw, A. W. Crawford.

COUNTY OFFICERS.

Associate Judges—Wm. Cairns, John Scott.
District Attorney—Moses B Welsh.
Sheriff—James Darragh.
Prothonotary—M S Quay.
Register & Recorder—Samuel B Wilson.
Clerk of Courts—William K Boden.
Treasurer—Hugh B. Anderson.
Surveyor—Azariah Wynn.
Commissioners—William P Phillips, Philip Cooper, Hugh Sutherland.
Clerk to Commissioners—A B. Moore.
Court Crier—Wm. Shrodes.
Auditors—Thomas Boggs, James W Pander, John R Eakin.
Poor House Directors—William Edgar, Robt Potter, William Barnes.
Trustees of Academy—Thos. Cunningham, John A M'Gill, Jos. H Dickson, Wm Davidson, R G M'Gregor, John Harrar, Charles B Mackey.

BEAVER COUNTY, ss:

IN the Orphans' Court in and for the County of Beaver, before the Hon. Judges of said Court:

In the matter of the petition for partition of the real estate of James Lake, dec'd.

And now, Sept. 18th, 1856, the Court grant a Rule on the heirs and legal representatives of James Lake, late of Greene township, in said county, dec'd, viz: Rachel, intermarried with Martin Fegler, now a widow, residing in Pittsburgh, Pa., Lavina, intermarried with Sarah Prufen, now a widow, residing in Georgetown, Beaver county, Pa., Mary, intermarried with Joseph Amey, (the said Mary is since deceased,) leaving issue, two children, James and Mary Ellen, minors, under the age of [illegible] years, residing in Georgetown, Beaver county, Pa., John Lake, who resides in Washington county, Ohio, James Lake, residing in Georgetown, Beaver county, Pa., Minerva, intermarried with David Hays, residing in Greene county, in said county, Ellen, intermarried with Joseph Bradley, residing in Pittsburgh, Pa., Thomas J. Lake who resides in Georgetown, Beaver county, Dewitt Clinton, residing in Georgetown, Beaver county, and William W., residing in Georgetown aforesaid, and all others interested, to show cause why an inquest to make partition of the real estate of said deceased, should not be awarded it at the next term of said Court, to be held on the third Monday of November next. A true copy of Rule.

Attest } WM. K. BODEN, Cl'k.
Jan 7 1857

BANKING HOUSE OF JOHN T. HOGG.

Bedford.....	Bedford Co.
Somerset.....	Somerset Co.
Mt. Pleasant.....	Westmoreland Co
Connellsville.....	Fayette Co,
Uniontown.....	" "
Brownsville.....	" "
New Brighton.....	Beaver Co.

Deposits Received, Discounts Made.

Drafts Bought, Sold and Collected.

Bank Notes and Specie Bought and Sold.

Stocks, Notes and other Securities Bought and Sold on Commission.

Correspondence & Collections Solicited.

Aug 8, '55.

T. J. CHANDLER..... M. E. GILLESPIE

A CARD.

I have this day associated with me in the practice of Dental Surgery, Dr. M. E. Gillespie, (late of Crestline, Ohio,) under the name of Chandler & Gillespie, where we are prepared to perform all the operations of the profession, in the most approved manner. Teeth from one to full sets inserted in gold or silver plate. Also full or partial setts on gutta percha vase.

We are also prepared to insert teeth in entire porcelain base, which cannot fail to please the most fastidious, in beauty and cleanliness. We invite attention to our specimens.

All those indebted to me by note or book account, will please call and settle, as I am anxious to close my old books. T. J. CHANDLER.

Rochester, Aug 6, 1856—6 m.

W. P. MARSHALL & CO.,

DEALERS IN

PAPER HANGINGS

Exclusively, now offer at their Store Room

No 87, Wood St. Pittsburgh, Pa;

A new stock of parlor, hall dining room, Cornober and office paper; also assembly rooms, ceiling and panel decorations, wood and marble imitations; together with everything in the line of paper hangings. Also a large stock of window shades, to which the attention of country dealers is directed. Special inducements offered to cash buyers. sept 24 1856

CARD.

DECEMBER, 1856.

The partnership of

MURPHY & BURCHFIELD

expiring by limitation in January next, and anxious to close out as far as possible our stock of goods preparatory to the formation of a new partnership, we will commence on

MONDAY, 15th OF DECEMBER,

offering our

ENTIRE STOCK OF GOODS

In both Wholesale and Retail Rooms, at

Reduced Prices.

Some of them at a

SMALL ADVANCE ON COST,

SOME OF THEM AT COST,

and a large portion of them

BELOW COST.

This will probably be one of the best opportunities ever offered in this city of buying

Good Goods at Low Prices

at private sale, and we invite calls from all wanting any description of

Dry Goods.

Particular attention is invited to our very large stock of

EMBROIDERIES,

In Collars, Sleeves and Sets, all of which have been marked down to closing out prices.

Also, CLOAKS, and CLOAKING CLOTHS, Shawls, Ladies Dress Goods, in Silks, De Laines, Cashmeres, &c.

The place, North east corner of 4th and Market St. Dec 24 1856.

DUFF'S MERCANTILE COLLEGE

Pittsburgh, Wheeling, (Va.,) and Burlington, Iowa.

Founded in 1840 and incorporated by the Legislature of Pennsylvania, with perpetual charter.

BOARD OF DIRECTORS.

Hon. JAMES BUCHANAN, President of the United States,
Hon. WILLIAM WILKINS,
Hon. MOSES HAMPTON,
Hon. WALTER H. LOWRIE,
Hon. CHARLES NAYLOR,
Hon. A. MOORHEAD,

FACULTY AT PITTSBURGH.

Prof. P. DUFF, (author of Duff's Bookkeeping, late Western Steamboat Accountant, Professor of the Principles and Practice of Double Entry Bookkeeping.

A. T. Howden, Professor of Mthematics and adjunct Professors of Bookkeeping.

J. H. Duff, Thos. McCarty, Thos. McCabe, T. Jones and J. C. Stockton, Associate Professors of Bookkeeping.

J. D. Williams, (the best Business and Ornamental Penman in the United States,) Professor of Penmanship.

N. S. Hatch, Esq., Professor of Mercantile Law and Political Economy.

Hon. Judge Shannon and Hon. J. M. Kirkpatrick, special lecturer on mercantile law.

Rev. David Ferguson, Professor of Commercial Ethics.

John Murphy, Teacher of the Art of Detecting Counterfeit and Altered Bank Notes.

F. L. Apel, Professor of French and German Languages.

S. C. Ury, Professor of Mechanical and Architectural Drawing.

Park Benjamin, of New York, and other equally distinguished literary, gentlemen from Eastern cities, will also lecture before the College during winter.

This is believed to be the only Establishment in the Union founded, organized and conducted by a practical Merchant, who, from the most matured experimental information, has brought the Accountant's and Merchant's education to a degree of perfection never attained by the best theoretical teachers.

Upwards of 4,000 Students have been educated for the Mercantile Profession; and such has been the recent increase of business, that a large additional Hall and several additional Teachers of Bookkeeping have become necessary for the accommodation of the Students.

Students have access to a library of 3,000 volumes.

For full particulars send for specimens of Mr. Williams' Penmanship, and a circular of 4 pages—mailed free.

Duff's Bookkeeping, Harper's new edition, pp. 222 royal octavo. Price $1.50, postage 21 cents.

Duff's Steamboat Bookkeeping. Price $1; postage 9 cents.

☞ To ensure prompt answers, address all letters respecting the College to the Principal. For Duff's Systems of Bookkeeping or blanks, address any of the Pittsburgh Booksellers, or the Publishers, Harper & Brothers, New York.

GEO. R. WHITE & Co.

No. 59, *Market St., Pittsburgh,*

HAVING made their full purchases, are enabled to offer to the public generally, the largest, best selected, and cheapest assortment of

FANCY & TAPLE

Dry Goods,

In the western market. Their stock comprises the

BEST FABRICS,

From the most celebrated manufacturers of goods, suitable for

HOUSEHOLD PURPOSES,

AND THE LATEST

Paris Fashions,

of every description of

LADIES' DRESS GOODS,

EMBROIDERIES, SHAWLS, CLOAKS, MANTILLAS, &c.

N. B.—Mr. White having personally attended the recent large

Auction Sales

In New York, will offer at a small advance, some

GREAT BARGAINS IN

Musdelaines, Silks, Cashmeres, French Merinoes, &c.

Besides having imported largely this season from the first

European Houses.

They are able to offer Irish Linens, Barred and Plain Cambries, Jaconets, Nainsooks, Welsh and Patent Flannels, Chintzes, and Calicoes at New York and Philadelphia prices.

sept 24 1846.

THE PHILIPSBURGH

WATER CURE ESTABLISHMENT.

THE present physician of this place respectfully informs the citizens of Beaver and the adjoining counties, that he has lately opened and greatly improved the above institution, and carries on successfully, the treatment, by water.

His long experience in that branch of healing art enables him to cure diseases uncontrollable by any other system. He would also notify the public in the neighborhood, that he practices the Allopathic and Homoepathic systems, and will attend to all calls as a physician and surgeon through the neighborhood.

The subscriber being a regular educated physician, and having practiced medicine and surgery during nearly 20 years, is enabled to respond to all reasonable expectations from those that place themselves under his care.

aug. 27, 1856. C. BAEZ, M. D.

LOCATING LANDS.

LAND WARRANTS.

The senior partner of our firm having just returned from Iowa, where arrrngements have been made with Messrs. M'CLURE & CO., Dubuque, one of the largest and most responsible locating houses in Iowa, we are now prepared, at the opening of the Land Offices, to

LOCATE LANDS

Either with money or Land warrants. Persons with means to invest, and wishing to realize a large per centage of profit, cannot do better than invest in LAND AT GOVERNMENT PRICES.

Mechanics and laboring men having a few hundred dollars to invest in lands, or capitalists, desiring to invest largely, cannot do better than by calling on the undersigned.—Our correspondents in Iowa make the selections only through personal inspection.

Dec. 24th 1856.

WM. A. HERRON & CO.

David Stanton, M. D. Wm. Stanton, M. D

DRS. D. & W. STANTON,

RESPECTFULLY offer their services in the practice of medicine and surgery, to the inhabitants of New Brighton, Fallston and vicinity.

Office and lodging in second story of M'Cleery's building, one door North of Merrick House, New Brighton, Pa. April 16, 1856.

ALL persons having unsettled accounts on my old books will confer a favor by calling immediately. D. STANTON.

A. Bestwick,

MANUFACTURER and Wholesale and Retail Dealer in all kinds of

Tin, Copper, and Sheet-Iron Ware,

Jobbing, Roofing, Spouts, &c., made to order.

☞ Shop on Broadway, one door above Apple street, New Brighton, Pa. (ap4)

FRESH FALL GOODS.

THE subscriber having returned from the East, will open, during the present week, a large stock of staple and fancy Dry Goods, embracing the latest and most fashionable styles in the market. T. M. TAYLOR,

aug27, 1856. Rochester on the hill.

DENTAL SURGERY.

J MURRAY would announce to the public that he has, at considerable cost, procured the latest improvements in the profession, and is now prepared to accommodate every variety of public taste,

1st. Single gum-teeth, on gold or silver plate.

2d. Block-teeth, on gold plate, presenting a continuous gum.

3d, Indestructible teeth on Gutta Percha base.

As this last is a new mode of inserting teeth, should it fail to render satisfaction after a fair trial, I will replace the work with gold or silver.

Office and residence on Market Street, opposite the Market House, Bridgewater.

Bridgewater, Jan. 2, 1856.

AT COST.

IN order to prepare for an early Spring trade and to avoid carrying over any Winter goods, to another season, we will offer, for a week, at Eastern cost, our entire stock of

WINTER GOODS,

Consisting in part of French merinoes, coburgs, delaines, all wool and mixed plaids, heavy barred flannels, woolen and broache shawls, capes Winter bonnets and trimmings, men's winter caps and boots, satinets, flannels, blankets, &c.

We are determined to make all kinds of goods go off in their *proper season*—if not at a profit—*without it.* By pursuing this course our stock will be kept always fresh and seasonable.

Those in want of anything in the line of Winter Goods, are respectfully invited to examine our *stock* and *prices* before purchasing elsewhere.

January 21st, 1857. T. M. TAYLOR,
Rochester, on the Hill.

To the Ladies.

WE have just received from the East, our early supply of Fall Goods, to which we respectfully ask your attention. Our stock of Dress Goods is extensive and beautiful, embracing a large variety of figured and plain delains. Figured and plain French merinos, figured and striped cashimeres, figured and plain wool delaines, French merinos in fancy colors, figured Persian twills, beautiful wool plaids, debeges in great variety, mode de Paris stripes, Coburgs in all colors, prints of latest styles; and everything usually found in a first class Dry Goods store.

Having given our exclusive attention to the Dry Goods trade, and visiting the eastern market frequently, we feel justified in saying, that we can now offer greater inducements than ever, to those wishing any thing in our line.

T. M. TAYLOR.

sept. 3, 1856. Rochester on the hill.

HALL & Co.,

(Successors to John Hall.)

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL

Hat and Cap Manufacturer,

AND DEALERS IN

FURS, TRIMMINGS &c.

NO 89 WOOD ST., PITTSBURGH, Pa.

WE have just received a splendid stock of New and Fashionable Fall and Winter Goods. This firm is composed of practical men, who make and warrant their work. Country Merchants are requested to call and examine our stock. Sept. 19, '55.

Wm. H. Tacoll & Co

(Successors to T. Kennedy, Jr.)

MANUFACTURERS OF ALL KINDS OF

LOOKING GLASSES,

AND DEALERS IN

Imported and Domestic Fancy Goods,

NO. 62 WOOD ST., COR. OF FOURTH,

PITTSBURGH, PA.

☞ Gilt Mouldings, Portrait Frames and Looking Glass Plates always on hand.

Nov. 21, 1855.

Ambrotypes.

MR. PURVIANCE has the pleasure of announcing to the citizens of Beaver County, that he has permanently located in the Seminary buildings, lately occupied by Miss Curtiss) in the Borough of New Brighton, where he will always be found ready to wait on his friends and all others who wish artistic and life-like Miniatures.

All sizes and styles of Likenesses furnished at less than Pittsburgh prices.

Beautiful and accurate impressions of the smallest children taken by an instantaneous process.

Pictures taken equally as well in cloudy as clear weather.

New Brighton, May 14, 1856.—1 yr.

The Teeth! The Teeth!!

W. M. WRIGHT, M. D., Surgeon Dentist. Office and residence, No. 252, Penn street, Pittsburgh, opposite Christ's M. E. Church.

Dr Wright's long experience in the practice of Dentistry, has put him in possession of all the improvements in the line of his profession.

Dr. Wright's facilities for dispatching work will enable persons visiting Pittsburgh, to have operations performed during a short stay.

Dr. Wright respectfully refers to the medical profession of Pittsburgh.

April 23, 1856.

NOTICE.

WHEREAS, I Robert McKibbin, of New Castle, Pa., have taken out letters of administration in the county of Lawrence, on the estate of James M'Kibbin, a pedlar in Beaver county; this is to request all persons who know themselves indebted to the said James M'Kibbin, that I have appointed James Irons, Esq., of Hopewell, my lawful agent, to collect any outstanding accounts for me as if I were present. dec. 17, '56 ROBERT M'KIBBIN.

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE.

ALL persons knowing themselves indebted to the estate of John Brittain, late of Chippewa township, Beaver county, dec'd, are requested to make immediate payment to the subscriber living in South Beaver township, and those having claims against said estate will present them properly authenticated for settlement. SAMUEL MITCHELL, Adm'r.

January 28 1857

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE.

ALL persons knowing themselves indebted to the estate of John A. Brown, dec'd, late of Freedom, Beaver county, are requested to make immediate payment, and those having claims will present them to the subscribers, properly authenticated for settlement.

WM. V. BROWN, }
jan 28 1857 PERRY BROWN, } Adm'rs

NOTICE

IN the Orphans' Court in and for the County of Beaver. In the matter of the Partition of the Real Estate of James Stokes, deceased. To the Heirs and legal representatives of said dec'd, take notice that an Inquisition on the Real estate situate in the borough of Beaver, Beaver county, will be held on the premises, in said borough, on the 21st day of February, 1857, at which time and place you can attend if you think proper. JAS. DARRAGH,
Sheriff's Office, Jan. 28, 1857. Sheriff.

NOTICE.

NOTICE is hereby given, that the School Directors of Ohio Township, Beaver Co., will receive sealed proposals, from this date to March 28th, 1857, for the building of one Frame School House, in said District. Plan of the House can be seen by calling on the undersigned. R. H. BARCLAY,

Jan. 21, 1857. President of the Board.

DENTISTRY.

DR. W. F. FUNDENBERG Having returned from Europe, has resumed the practice of his profession. Office and residence No. 148 Third Street, two doors above Smithfield Street, Pittsburgh, Pa. June 11. 1y.

Low by the Piece.

100 pieces bleached muslins, assorted.
6 bales brown do do
200 pieces Cocheco' and other prints.
50 pieces Lancaster ginghams.

June 4. T. M. TAYLOR.

Orphan's Court Sale.

Pursuant to an order of Orphans' Court of the County of Beaver will be exposed to sale by public vendue or outcry on the premises, on Saturday the 7th day of March next, the following described real estate of Harriet Crowell, dec'd., situated in Borough Township, Beaver County, bounded as follows: Beginning on the north side of Leopard Lane, at the line between out lots Nos. 28 & 29, thence west 140 feet to a corner; thence by out lot No. 29, east 50 feet to a corner; thence by the same east 140 feet to Leopard Lane, thence along the north line of said lane 50 feet to the place of beginning, together with the full privelege to take and use water out of a spring on land of David Hall, on which is erected one frame two story house; there are also a number of fruit trees on the premises, all enclosed with good board fence.

TERMS.—One third to be paid at the confirmation of the sale by the Court, and the balance in two annual payments, with interest from the confirmation of sale by the Court.—For information apply to Andrew Stewart Administrator of said deceased.

By order of Court, WM. K. BODEN, Clk.

Feb. 4, '57

Orphans' Court Sale.

PURSUANT to an order of the Orphans' Court of the County of Beaver, will be exposed to sale by public Vendue or out-cry, on the premises, on Saturday March 7th '57 at 2 o'clock P. M. the following described property, late the estate of Joseph Hayward dec'd, lying and being situate in the Borough of New Brighton and County of Beaver. Bounded on the North, by land of M'Guires heirs, East by land of Miner & Merrick, South by the same and S. N. M'Gowan and west by S. N. M'Gowan containing seven acres and twenty one perches, on which is erected one frame house formerly used and occupied as a Church, now as a dwelling house. A portion of said property has been used as a Brick Yard on which there is a large Brick Kiln and every improvement for carrying on a profitable and extensive business, the clay being of the Best quality; and under the lot there is a coal vein and fire clay of excellent quality. The said property may be divided to suit purchasers.

TERMS—One third of the purchase money to be paid on the confirmation of the sale by the Court, the balance in two equal annual payments with interest from same time. For information apply to Elizabeth Hayward, administratrix of said deceased.

By Order of Court.

Feb. 4. '57 W. K. BODEN, Clerk.

Orphan's Court Sale.

Pursuant to an order of Orphan's Court of the county of Beaver will be exposed to sale by public vendue or out cry on Saturday the 7 day of March 1857, on the premises, the following described real estate of Alexander Crooks, dec'd. viz: a certain lot of ground situate in the village of Sheffield in Hopewell township, in said County, on the corner of the road or street in said village, containing one acre in two enclosures, on which are one frame dwelling house 40 feet in length and 20 feet in width one and one half stories high and one frame stable now in the occupancy of John Scott, Esq,

TERMS—One third of the purchase money to be paid on the confirmation of the sale by the Court, and the balance in two equal annual payments with interest from same time.—For information apply to Thomas Calhoon, guardian of the minor children of said deceased. By Order of Court.

Feb. 4, 1857. Wm. K BODEN.

BEAVER COUNTY, SS:

In the Court of Common Pleas of Beaver County, No. 135, March Term, 1857:

In the matter of the petition of Rebecca Jolly for leave to become a feme sole trader. &c.

And now to wit. Jan. 26, 1857, the Court order notice to be given by publication in a newspaper published in this county, three consecutive weeks, and the first day of next Term is fixed for the hearing of the application. A true extract from the Record.

Attest: M. S. QUAY. Pro.

Notice is hereby given in pursuance of the above order, that the first day of next term (2d Monday of March) has been fixed for the hearing of the above petition, when the same will be allowed unless cause be shown to the contrary.

Jan. 11. 1857. M. S. QUAY, Pro.

PITTSBURGH.

Fall of 1856.

MURPHY & BURCHFIELD,

North-east corner 4th. and Market Sts.,

PITTSBURGH,

HAVE now open, their large Fall supply of Family and Fancy DRY GOODS; including the newest styles of Ladies Dress Goods, Cloaks, Mantillas, Shawls, and super-French cloth Cassimeres, Doeskins. All of which will be sold at LOW PRICES. Persons from a distance visiting Pittsburgh at the approaching State Fair, or at any other time, wanting any article in the Dry Goods line, will do well to call with us. Oct. 1, 1856.

Registers Notice.

ALL persons interested in the following Administration and Guardian accounts, which have been passed and filed in the Registers office of Beaver County, Pa. Will take notice that the same will be presented to the Orphans Court, to be held at Beaver, in and for the County of Beaver, on Wednesday the 11th day of March 1857, for confirmation and allowance.

The account of Samuel Reed Executor of the estate of Samuel Reed, Deceased.

The account of Philip L. Grim administrator of the estate of Joshua Logan Deceased.

The account of Thomas J. Power administrator of the Estate of James M. Power deceased.

The Guardian account of George W. Phillis, Guardian of Eliza miner Daughter of Margaret Phillis dec'd

The Guardian account of William M'Anlis Guardian of Elizabeth miner Child of Wm. M'George dec'd.

The Guardian account of Michael Millor, guardian of Sarah minor child of Fredrick Deitrich dec'd

The account of Wm. K. Boden, Adm'r of the estate of Mrs. Sarah Rhodes deceased.

Register, S. R. WILSON

A. Bestwick,

WHOLESALE & RETAIL DEALER MANUFACTURER AND

IN Tin, Copper and Sheet Iron ware, corner of Broadway and Apple streets, New Brighton, Pa., where may be found a general assortment of the above ware, as good and at prices as low as they can be got at any other house

CALL AND EXAMINE.

Oct. 8, 1856.

TAILORING.

A. D. S. GEREN would respectfully inform the citizens of Beaver and vicinity that he has opened a Tailor Shop in Anderson's Row, Beaver, Pa., where he is prepared to do anything in his line which may be entrusted to his care.

November 19, 1856.

SHOES—The best assortment for ladies misses and children, at TAYLOR'S,

April 16, 1856, Rochester on the hill.

BONNETS of latest style, with trimmings to match, at TAYLOR'S

April 16, 1856 Rochester on the hill.

SHOULD you want a shawl (and what lady does not?) either broche, Bay State, long or square, call at TAYLOR'S.

AYER'S PILLS.

FOR ALL THE PURPOSES OF A

FAMILY PHYSIC.

THERE has long existed a public demand for an effective purgative pill which could be relied on as sure and perfectly safe in its operation. This has been prepared to meet that demand, and an extensive trial of its virtues has conclusively shown with what success it accomplishes the purposes designed. It is easy to make a physical *pill*, but not easy to make the best of all *pills*—one which should have none of the objections, but all the advantages, of every other. This has been attempted here, and with what success we would respectfully submit to the public decision. It has been unfortunate for the patient hitherto that almost every purgative medicine is acrimonious and irritating to the bowels. This is not. Many of them produce so much griping pain and revulsion in the system as to more than counterbalance the good to be derived from them. These *pills* produce no irritation or pain, unless it arise from a previously existing obstruction or derangement in the bowels. Being purely vegetable, no harm can arise from their use in any quantity; but it is better that any medicine should be taken judiciously. Minute directions for their use in the several diseases to which they are applicable are given on the box. Among the complaints which have been specially cured by them, we mention Liver Complaint in its various forms of Jaundice, Indigestion, Languor and Loss of Appetite, Listlessness, Irritability, Bilious Headache, Bilious Fever, Fever and Ague, Pain in the Side and Loins; for, in truth, all these are but the consequence of diseased action in the liver. As an aperient they afford prompt and sure relief in Costiveness, Piles, Colic, Dysentery, Humors, Scrofula and Scurvy, Colds with soreness of the body, Fevers and impurity of the blood; in short, any and every case where a purgative is required.

They have also produced some singularly successful cures in Rheumatism, Gout, Dropsy, Gravel, Erysipelas, Palpitation of the Heart, Pains in the Back, Stomach, and Side. They should be freely taken in the spring of the year, to purify the blood and prepare the system for the change of seasons. An occasional dose stimulates the stomach and bowels into healthy action, and restores the appetite and digestion. They purify the blood, and, by their influence action on the circulatory system, rennate the strength of the body, and restore the vitiated or diseased energies of the whole organism. Even an occasional dose is advantageous, even though no serious derangement exists; but unnecessary dosing should never be carried too far, as every purgative medicine reduces the strength, if taken to excess. The thousand cases in which a physic is required cannot be enumerated here, but we suggest them to the reason of every sufferer, and it is confidently believed, this pill will prove a better purpose than any thing which has hitherto been available to mankind. When their virtues are once known, the public will no longer doubt what remedy to employ when in need of a safe purgative medicine. Being sugar-wrapped they are pleasant to take, and being purely vegetable, no harm can arise from their use in any quantity.

For minute directions see wrapper on the Box.

PREPARED BY

JAMES C. AYER,

Practical and Analytical Chemist,

LOWELL, MASS.

Price 25 Cents per Box. Five Boxes for $1.

AYER'S CHERRY PECTORAL,

For the rapid Cure of

COUGHS, COLDS, HOARSENESS, BRONCHITIS, WHOOPING-COUGH, CROUP, ASTHMA, AND CONSUMPTION.

THIS remedy has won for itself such notoriety from its cures of every variety of pulmonary disease, that it is entirely unnecessary to recount the evidences of its virtues in any community where it has been employed. So wide is the field of its usefulness, and so numerous the cases of its cures, that almost every section of the country abounds in persons publicly known, who have been restored from alarming and even desperate diseases of the lungs by its use. When once tried its superiority over every other medicine of its kind is too apparent to escape observation, and where its virtues are known, the public no longer hesitate what antidote to employ for the distressing and dangerous affections of the pulmonary organs which are incident to our climate. And not only in formidable attacks upon the lungs, but for the milder varieties of Colds, Coughs, Hoarseness, &c., and for Childrens it is the pleasantest and safest medicine that can be obtained.

As it has long been in constant use throughout this section, we need not do more than assure the people its quality is kept up to the best that it ever has been, and that the genuine article is sold by—

AGENTS—Young, & Thomas Beaver, Dr. Smith Bridgewater; C. L. Kaiser, Rochester, Dr. Sargent, New Brighton; John Black Darling on, and by all merchants every where. Dr. O. Cunningham, Beaver.

NOTICE.

NOTICE is hereby given that the partnership heretofore existing under the name and style of William Lowrey & Co., in the coal mining operations at Clinton works, in Big Beaver tp., Lawrence county, has been duly dissolved, by the withdrawal of William Kennedy and William Lowrey from the concern. The settlement of old matters will be adjusted by us or by our Agent, R. D. Conger, late manager

JAS. DUNCAN, Fallston,
WM. KENNEDY, New Brighton.

Dec. 17 1856.

New Castle Gazette copy 3 months and send bill to this office.

Wilson, Childs & Co.

Wholesale Dealers in

DRY GOODS

AND

NOTIONS,

No. 45, Wood St., Pittsburgh, Pa., opposite the St. Charles Hotel.

Are now receiving an unusually large and complete assortment of Dry Goods and Notions, and by the 10th of September will be prepared to exhibit a very attractive stock, which, by means of a buyer constantly in the market, will be kept full throughout the season.

The attention of the trade is respectfully invited. sept. 3, 1856.

Look for the Big Watch.

H. T. PATTON

HAS removed his CLOCK & JEWELRY STORE to the old stand, corner of Bridge and Mulberry streets, Bridgewater, where he will keep a good supply of

Clocks,

WATCHES, AND ALL KINDS OF JEWELRY

AT THE LOWEST MARKET PRICE.

30 Hour Brass Clocks at $1.50.
" Best Jerome do. $3 to 3.50.

All clocks sold, warranted to keep good time; if not, the money refunded. Also,

Variety Goods

OF ALMOST EVERY DESCRIPTION.

Call and examine my stock.

I would beg leave to thank my customers for the liberal patronage heretofore bestowed, and I am now prepared to repair all kinds of watches and clocks; all good watches warranted to keep good time. Jewelry neatly repaired at all times. Old gold and silver taken in exchange for work or goods.

Bridgewater, April 17, '33.

LAND WARRANTS.

HIGHEST PRICE paid in gold for Land Warrants. Land Warrants always on hand and for sale. WM. A. HERRON & Co. Bankers and Exchange Brokers, corner of Sixth and Wood streets, Pittsburgh, and

HERRON BROTHERS,
Dubuque, Iowa.

dec 24 1856

Livery Stable.

THE Subscriber having bought the Livery Stock of Young & Jackson, and added several more Horses and Buggies, is now prepared to accommodate the people with good horses and buggies, saddle horses, and anything in his line. Also persons wishing conveyance to and from the cars, will be accommodated at any time, by leaving notice at the stable or at Dr. Smith's Drug Store, in Bridgewater.

Also, Omnibusses and Carriages for funerals &c. JOHN WOODRUFF.

Bridgewater, Feb. 20, 1856.

The Greatest Medical Discovery OF THE AGE.

Dr. KENNEDY, of Roxbury has discovered in one of our common pasture weeds a remedy that cures every kind of humor, from the worst Scrofula down to a common pimple.

He has tried it in over 1100 cases, and never failed except in two cases (both thunder humor.) He has now in his possession over two hundred certificates of its virtue, all within twenty miles of Boston.

Two bottles are warranted to cure a nursing sore mouth.

One to three bottles will cure the worst kind of Pimples on the face.

Two or three bottles will clear the system of Biles.

Two bottles are warranted to cure the worst canker in the mouth and stomach

Three to five bottles are warranted to cure the worst cases of Erysipelas.

One to two bottles are warranted to cure all humor in the Eyes.

Two bottles are warranted to cure running of the ears and bloches among the hair.

Four to six bottles are warranted to cure corrupt and running ulcers.

One bottle will cure scaly eruption of the skin.

Two or three bottles are warranted to cure the worst case of ringworm.

Two to three bottles are warranted to cure the most desperate case of rheumatism.

Two or three bottles are warranted to cure the salt rheum.

Five to eight bottles will cure the worst case of Scrofula.

A benifit is always experienced from the first bottle, and a perfect cure is warranted when the above quantity is taken.

Reader, I peddled over a thousand bottles of this in the vicinity of Boston. I know the effect of it in every case. So sure as water will extinguish fire, so sure will this cure humor. I never sold a bottle of it but that sold another; after trial it always speaks for itself. There are two things about this herb that appear to me surprising; first that it grows in our pastures, in some places quite plentiful, and yet its value has never been known until I discovered it in 1846—second, that it should cure all kinds of humor.

In order to give some idea of the sudden rise and great popularity of the discovery, I will state that in April, 1853, I peddled it and sold about six bottles per day—In April 1854, I sold over one thousand bottles per day of it.

Some of the wholesale Druggists who have been in business twenty and thirty years, say that nothing in the annals of patent medicines was ever like it. There is a universal praise of it from all quarters.

In my own practice I always kept it strictly for humors—but since its introduction as a general family medicine, great and wonderful virtues have been found in it that I never suspected.

Several cases of epileptic fits—a desease which was always considered incurable, have been cured by a few bottles. O, what a mercy if it will prove effectual in all cases of that awful malady—there are but few who have seen more of it than I have.

I know of several cases of Dropsy, all of them aged people cured by it. For the various diseases of the Liver, Sick Headache, Dyspepsia, Asthma, Fever Ague, Pain in the Side, Diseases of the Spine, and particularly in diseases of the Kidneys &c., the discovery has done more good than any medicine ever known.

No change of diet ever necessary—eat the best you get and enough of it.

DIRECTIONS—Adults one table spoonful per day—Children over ten years dessert spoonfull. Children from five to eight years, tea spoonful. As no directions can be applicable to all constitutions, take sufficient to operate on the bowels twice a day. Manufactured by

DONALD KENNEDY,
No 120, Warren St. Roxbury, Mass.

PRICE $1.

☞ T. W Dyott & Sons, Philadelphia, Gen. Ag'ts for Pa. For sale by WP Philips, Freedom; C L Kaiser, Rochester; and Dr. S Smith, Bridgewater; General wholesale agents Western Pa., Geo. H. Keyser, 146 Wood St. Pittsburgh, J. P. Flemming Federal St. Allegheny City, Mackay & Young, Beaver.

A. BAUSMAN. J. A. BAUSMAN.

Bausman & Co.

Exchange, Land and Real Estate Agents,

Fort Des Moines, Iowa.

BUY, SELL & LOCATE LAND WARRANS. INVEST money for parties at western rates of interest. Taxes paid for residents or non-residents. Investments made in Government lands. Taxes paid, and all trouble and other expenses borne by us, for one-eighth of gross proceeds. Interest, at ten per cent, per annum, allowed on all special deposites, for six months, or longer time.

Parties desiring government or other lands, can rely upon us for a full and correct description of either, and the lowest market rates.

Orders for government lands will be attended to as soon after receipt as possible.

Remittances can be made in drafts on New York, or by depositing money in any good bank in Boston, New York, Philadelphia, Baltimore, Washington D. C., or Pittsburgh.

Applications made for Des Moines River lands for settlers. Improved and unimproved prairie and timber lands bought and sold. Bills of exchange on Eastern cities bought and sold.

REFERENCES.

Hon Wm F Johnston, pres. A V R R Co., Pittsburgh; Col. Wilson McCandless, do. Robert Anderson, e. m. do; Messrs. Kramer & Rahm, Bankers, do.; Hon Joshua R Giddings, Jeffer son, Ohio; A P Lacock, Esq., Beaver, Pa.; Joseph Chamberlain, Cleveland, Ohio; Hon. John Allison, New Brighton, Pa.; John Linton, Esq., Rochester, Pa.; Treasurer's Savings Bank Washington, D. C.; Cashier State Bank Ohio, Guernsey Branch; Messrs. Gallaher & Co., Bankers, Washington, D C. may 21, 1856

Bernard House.

No. 94, Fourth street, between Wood and Smithfield, Pittsburgh, Pa.

D. BERNARD, PROPRIETOR.

THIS house is eligibly situated, convenient to business, has just been opened for the reception of guests, is fitted up in the best style. Rooms large and well furnished. The House is conducted upon the European principle; all the delicacies of the market purchased, and charge made in proportion to amounts ordered, with moderate charge for rooms. The Proprietor having long experience in his business, feels confident in being able to render satisfaction to all who may favor him with their patronage.

Terms always reasonable. A share of patronage is solicited. may 7, 1856.

DALY'S

ORIGINAL FIFTH STREET

Stocking Factory,

(Established 1839.)

Is now at the corner of Fifth Street and Market Alley, Pittsburgh,

WHERE every article in the Hosiery line is manufactured. Wholesale Depot for Bradley's Stocking Yarn. To prevent mistakes and consequent disappointment, remember the corner is the salesroom of our Factory.

Oct 1, 1856.

NOTICE.

NOTICE is hereby given that the partnership lately subsisting between Joseph F. Cunningham and Matthew Gilleland, under the firm of J. F. Cunningham & Co. is this day dissolved by mutual consent; and Matthew Gilleland is authorized to settle all debts due to and by the said company.

Beaver Lodge, No. 366, I. O. of O. F Bridgewater, Beaver Co., Pa.

MEETS every Tuesday evening in their Hall 2nd story of Brown's Brick Block, Bridgewater, Pa.

OFFICERS ELECTED, PRESENT TERM.

James W. Hum, N. G.; John Woodruff, V. G. David Woodruff, Sec.; John Sharp, A. Sec Wm. Barnes, P. G.; Ira Blanchard, P. G.

Glad News.

FULL OF HOPE TO THE AFFLICTED AND SUFFERING!

Many of the thousand portals of Death may be closed, and life made happier, and more comfortable to thousands who are now in danger. Doubtless this world contains many a balm to soothe its physical woes and cure its diseases. Among those in prominent rank, stands

BOWMAN'S VEGETABLE COMPOUND,

A SAFE and speedy cure for Consumption, not only in those milder forms of Throat and Lung Diseases, such as colds, coughs, quinsey, difficulty of breathing, bronchitis, Ministers' sore throat, weakness of the chest, asthma, inward ulcer, spitting of blood, influenza, croup, whooping-cough, pain in the breast and side, hoarseness, catarrh and catarral affections, inflammation of the lungs, bleeding of the lungs, and such like. But its superior excellence is seen and tested in the more advanced affections of the lungs. For the truth of the above statement and the efficiency of the preparations as an antidote, we refer the public to the following testimonials:

Language is scarcely strong enough to tell the great power of this

WONDERFUL DISCOVERY!

The doubting may try and be convinced.

The Proprietors point to the following bona fide certificates with confidence to the community; they are but samples of the many hundreds of testimonials in our possession:

Philadelphia, Aug. 15, 1855.—Last spring, while in Pittsburgh, I had a bad cold and cough, which troubled me much, and a friend of mine gave me a bottle of Bowman's Vegetable Compound for diseases of the throat and lungs, which I commenced taking, and found relief almost immediately. I had taken many things for cough and hoarseness, but never got anything to help me as it has done. I believe it to be the best antidote for coughs and hoarseness that is out, and cheerfully recommend it to the public.

THOS. H. STOCKTON.
Pastor 1st Prot. Meth. Church.

From Judge Vanhorn, of the District Court at Cincinnatii.

Cincinnati, May 4, 1856.—I have used Bowman's Vegetable Compound for bronchitis and cough, and believe it to be the best medicine out for those diseases, and the only one I ever got to give me any permanent relief. It will cure. I recommend it to the public as an honest and efficient medicine, and will perform what it is published to do W. VANHORN.

TO THE PUBLIC.

I have used Bowman's Vegetable Compound in my family, for coughs, colds and Ministers' sore throat and believe it to be the best thing that I ever got for those complaints, and cheerfully recommend it to the public.

REV. J. GASTON,
Pastor of the Clinton st. M. E. Church,
June 10, 1855. Cincinnati.

Here is one from the old pioneer Methodist preacher of Ohio, Rev. J. B. Finley.

I believe Bowman's Vegetable Compound to be the best remedy for Diseased Throat and Lungs, of the day. I have tested it and found it to be the best of all the popular remedies I ever tried, and I have tried very many. I recommend it to the public. Try it and you will be convinced of its superiority.

Cincinnati July 1856. Rev. J. B. FINLEY

Hear what the celebrated Dr. Peck says:

New York, May 12, 1856.—I have used Bowman's Vegetable Compound for coughs and hoarseness in speaking; and believe it to be the best preparation for Throat and Lung complaints I ever got; and I recommend it to the public speaker and singer, as well as those afflicted with Lung diseases. J. T. PECK.

Hear what Dr. Benson, of Cincinnati, says: [Extract from a letter.]

Bowman's Vegetable Compound contains a virtue which is not possessed by any other popular medicine in my knowledge. It does not only smoothe the disease over, giving it only temporary relief (like most of patent medicines,) but it commences at the root of the disease, and performs a perfect cure.

G. W. BENSON, M. D.

Our space will not permit us to publish any certificates in full, but we would refer to the following persons, whose letters are in our possession, certifying to its worth:

Rev. Bishop Morris,	Cincinnati,
Rev. Robert Walker,	"
Rev. Joel White,	Economy,
Rev. John Powell,	Portsmouth,
John L. M'Junkin,	Butler,
Henry L. Griffith, Esq.	Pittsburgh,
B. B. Baker,	Wheeling,
Capt. E. Gordon,	Pittsburgh,
John T. M'Combs,	"
Mrs. Mary Morrow,	N. Brighton,
Mrs. M. Evans,	"
Robert Greenlee,	Beaver,
Isaac Sutherland,	Vanport,
Mrs. S. A. Gettys,	Freedom,
Silas Roberts,	Mcalville,
Henry Smith,	New Castle,
Mrs. Sarah Lowry,	Lawrence co.
Joseph P. Brown,	"
Martha A. Wilson,	New Castle,
Ex-Gov. W. F. Johnston,	Pittsburgh,
T. C. Cunningham,	Allegheny,
Isaac Whitesides,	"
D. Maratta,	Bridgewater,
Rev. Wm. Smith,	Louisville,
Judge Keys,	Cincinnati,
Capt. Geo. Kennedy,	Wellsville,
James Wilkins,	Allegheny,
J. P. O'Neil,	Steubenville,
Rev. Henry Cline,	Venango co.
Dr. James Parsons,	Louisville,
Rev. John Watkins,	Maysville,
Capt. Jacob Poe,	Georgetown,
James L. Dodds,	Butler co.
Ex- Gov. Wm. Bigler,	Penn'a,
Rev. G Sechon,	Louisville.

Bowman's Vegetable Compound sold by Druggists at $1 per bottle, or 6 bottles for $5.

C. L. Keyser is our agent at Rochester, Beaver county, Pa. Retail merchants can be supplied at our wholesale prices, by C. L. Kaiser. Also H. T. & J. Reeves, New Brighton. Direct all orders for medicine to D. H. M. Bowman & Co., New Castle, Lawrence county, Pa., sole Proprietors. Agents wanted in every village in the United States and Canadas. Apply by letter or otherwise to the proprietors.

Nov. 19, 1856.

Christmas Gifts.

A picture of a loved face is generally the most appropriate and acceptable memento that can be passed from friend to friend.

AMBROTYPES

with backgrounds to suit the fancy of her customers, and neatly put up in cases to suit their various tastes may be had at R. WEAVER'S Daguerrean Gallery, New Brighton. She has on hand an assortment of beautiful Union Cases which she will sell with pictures, at reduced prices. dec 17 1856

Merchant's Hotel.

CORNER SECOND AND SMITHFIELD STREET,

PITTSBURGH, PENN'A.

THE Subscriber would respectfully inform this community, that he has recently fitted out this House in the most modern and approved style, and earnestly asks for a share of your patronage. Charges moderate.

JAMES C. M'KEE.

may14

BONNETS & RIBBONS.—We are receiving fresh supplies every week throughout the season, of the most fashionable styles.

June 4. T. M. TAYLOR.

FRENCH Morocco heel Boots for Ladies, the most fashionable style, at the Shoe store of BARNES & NICHOLSON.

de10 Stewart's Row, Brid